

Stylistic LT

**Technical  
Reference  
Guide**

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## About This Guide

This guide provides technical information on the Fujitsu Stylistic LT pen tablet computer for technicians, hardware developers, and software developers.

## Organization

This guide is organized as follows:

- **Chapter 1: Pen Tablet Features**  
This chapter discusses some of the system's main features and technology.
- **Chapter 2: System Software**  
This chapter gives an overview of system software and utilities preinstalled on the Stylistic LT pen tablet.
- **Chapter 3: Configuring the Stylistic LT Pen Tablet System**  
This chapter provides details on using BIOS Setup and other configuration utilities for the Stylistic LT pen tablet. BIOS configuration options are explained in detail.
- **Chapter 4: Hardware Specifications**  
This chapter gives hardware specifications on the pen tablet system. Industry standards supported by the Stylistic LT pen tablet are listed.
- **Chapter 5: Peripheral Interfaces**  
This chapter provides details on peripheral interfaces provided by the Stylistic LT pen tablet and the Stylistic LT mini-dock.
- **Chapter 6: System Power**  
This chapter gives details on the pen tablet's power system and power management implementation.
- **Chapter 7: BIOS Configuration Application Programming Interfaces**  
This chapter gives details on using DLLs which allow your application to configure the Stylistic LT BIOS.
- **Appendix A: Recovering the Disk Image**  
This appendix gives procedures for using the recovery CD to recover the disk image (including the operating system) on the pen tablet's internal hard disk.
- **Appendix B: Enabling ACPI**  
This appendix provides information on enabling ACPI.
- **Appendix C: Agency Notices**  
This appendix states notices required by regulatory agencies in the United States and Canada that apply to the Stylistic LT.
- **Appendix D: Glossary**  
This appendix provides definitions for some of the terms associated with the Stylistic LT.

## Related Documentation

Documentation relating to the Stylistic LT pen tablet system is listed below. Refer to these documents for details on topics not covered in this guide.

### ***Stylistic LT User's Guide***

This guide provides an introduction to the Stylistic LT pen tablet's basic functions for the end user. Instructions on using the Stylistic LT peripherals are also included in this document.

The following documents, available from retail book sellers, contain additional information about software preinstalled on the Stylistic LT pen tablet. For additional information about Microsoft Windows 98 publications, go to the Microsoft Press web site: <http://mspress.microsoft.com/>

***Inside the Microsoft Windows 98 Registry (ISBN: 1-57231-824-4)***

This manual provides information on the Windows 98 registry and is published by Microsoft Press.

***Microsoft Windows 98 Resource Kit (ISBN: 1-57231-644-6)***

This manual is a technical guide for installing, configuring, and supporting Windows 98 and is published by Microsoft Press, 1-800-MSPRESS in the U.S.

The following resources contain information on software development tools for Windows:

***Microsoft Developer's Network***

The Microsoft Developer's Network web site provides links to information on application programming interfaces (APIs) used with Microsoft Windows 98. The site address is <http://MSDN.microsoft.com/developer/>.

The following documents provide information on industry standards supported by the Stylistic LT pen tablet system.

***Advanced Power Management (APM) BIOS Interface Specification, Revision 1.2***

The Stylistic LT pen tablet is an APM 1.2 compliant system as defined in this specification. Application developers should refer to this specification for details on designing APM compliant software. This specification is available as a free download from the Intel Corporation web site, [www.intel.com/IAL/powermgm/apmovr.htm](http://www.intel.com/IAL/powermgm/apmovr.htm).

***Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) Specification, Revision 1.0***

The ACPI was developed by Microsoft, Intel, and Toshiba to manage device control in order to conserve power. The ACPI specification and additional detailed information is available at the ACPI web site, <http://www.teleport.com/~acpi/>.

***PC Card Standards***

The Stylistic LT pen tablet and supporting system software comply with PCMCIA and PC Card standards specifications up to and including the *PC Card Standard—February 1995* (also referred to as *PC Card Standard Release 3.0* in this document and other related documentation). PC Card standards are published by: Personal Computer Memory Card International Association, 2635 North First Street, Suite 209, San Jose, CA 95131, <http://www.pc-card.com/>, (408) 433-CARD (2273).

***IrDA Standards***

The IrDA port on the Stylistic LT pen tablet is compliant with *IrDA (Infrared Data Association) Standard Version 1.1* published by: Infrared Data Association, <http://www.irda.org>, (510) 943-6546.

***Universal Serial Bus Specification***

The Universal Serial Bus (USB) ports on the Stylistic LT pen tablet and Stylistic LT mini-dock are compliant with the *Universal Serial Bus Specification Version 1.0*. Refer to this specification for USB details including: cable requirements, topology, and USB power distribution. This specification and other technical documents regarding USB are available on the Universal Serial Bus Implementer's Forum home page at <http://www.usb.org/>.

***Desktop Management Interface (DMI) 2.0 Specification***

The Stylistic LT BIOS supports DMI. The DMI specification and other information relating to DMI are available on the Desktop Management Task Force web site at <http://www.dmtf.org/>.

## Technical Support

The individual you contact for technical support on the Stylistic LT pen tablet system depends on whether you are a reseller or an end user/customer.

**End users/customers:** contact your Fujitsu reseller.

**Fujitsu resellers (VARs):** contact your assigned FPSI Systems Engineer or contact Fujitsu Personal Systems Technical Support at 408-764-9388 during normal business days from 7:30 to 5:00 Pacific Time. (Voice mail is available at this number during nonbusiness hours.) Technical support can also be reached by Fax at 408-764-9418.



# Chapter 1

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## Stylistic LT Features

This chapter provides an introduction to the Stylistic LT pen tablet system hardware and gives an overview of some of the pen tablet system's features. Detailed specifications on the features discussed in this chapter are given in other chapters of this guide.

The Stylistic LT pen tablet computer is designed for the Windows operating system using IBM-AT compatible architecture. The system uses a resistive pen digitizer and is available with either an active-matrix color thin-film-transistor (TFT) display or an indoor/outdoor color transfective (CTF) display.

### PC Card Support

The Stylistic LT pen tablet is equipped with two stacked PC Card slots that allow you to install two Type II PC Cards (using slots 1 and 2) or one Type III PC Card (using slot 1 only). The PC Card slots are compliant with PC Card Standard Release 3.0 and provide support for the following PC Card features:

- Zoomed Video Port (ZV Port) compliant I/O interface (slot 1 only)
- Multivoltage 3.3/5 V PC Cards (detected automatically)
- CardBus (PCI bridge) type PC Cards
- Supports PCIC (PC Card I/O Card) protocol
- Backward compatibility with previous PC Card Standard Release level PC Cards

### Internal Modem

Some models of the Stylistic LT pen tablet systems distributed in North America are equipped with an internal fax/modem; the built-in modem is not available in systems distributed to countries outside North America. For details on the built-in modem, see "Internal Modem Specifications" on page 4-7.

### ACPI Support

The Stylistic LT pen tablet supports the *Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) Specification*, revision 1.0. The Windows 98 operating system supports ACPI; however, due to limitations of the initial release of Windows 98, Advanced Power Management (APM) is the recommended setting and is the default setting for Windows 98 systems. Refer to "Enabling ACPI" on page B-1 for more information.

## Zoomed Video Support

The Zoomed Video (ZV) Port Standard is an adaptation of the PC Card Standard that defines a high-speed multimedia (video and audio) bus between a PC Card controller and other system components. Upon insertion of a Zoomed Video card, the PC Card controller reconfigures the PC Card socket to form the ZV bus.

In the Stylistic LT pen tablet, the ZV bus connects the system's PC Card socket to the system's audio and video controllers as shown in Figure 1-1. This allows a Zoomed Video card to send large amounts of video and audio data directly to the video frame buffer and audio controller. Since this all takes place over the ZV bus, the CPU and system bus do not need to process or carry video and audio data and are therefore, free to perform other tasks. The end result is that the system can play back full-screen, full-motion video and audio in real time while the system performs other tasks.

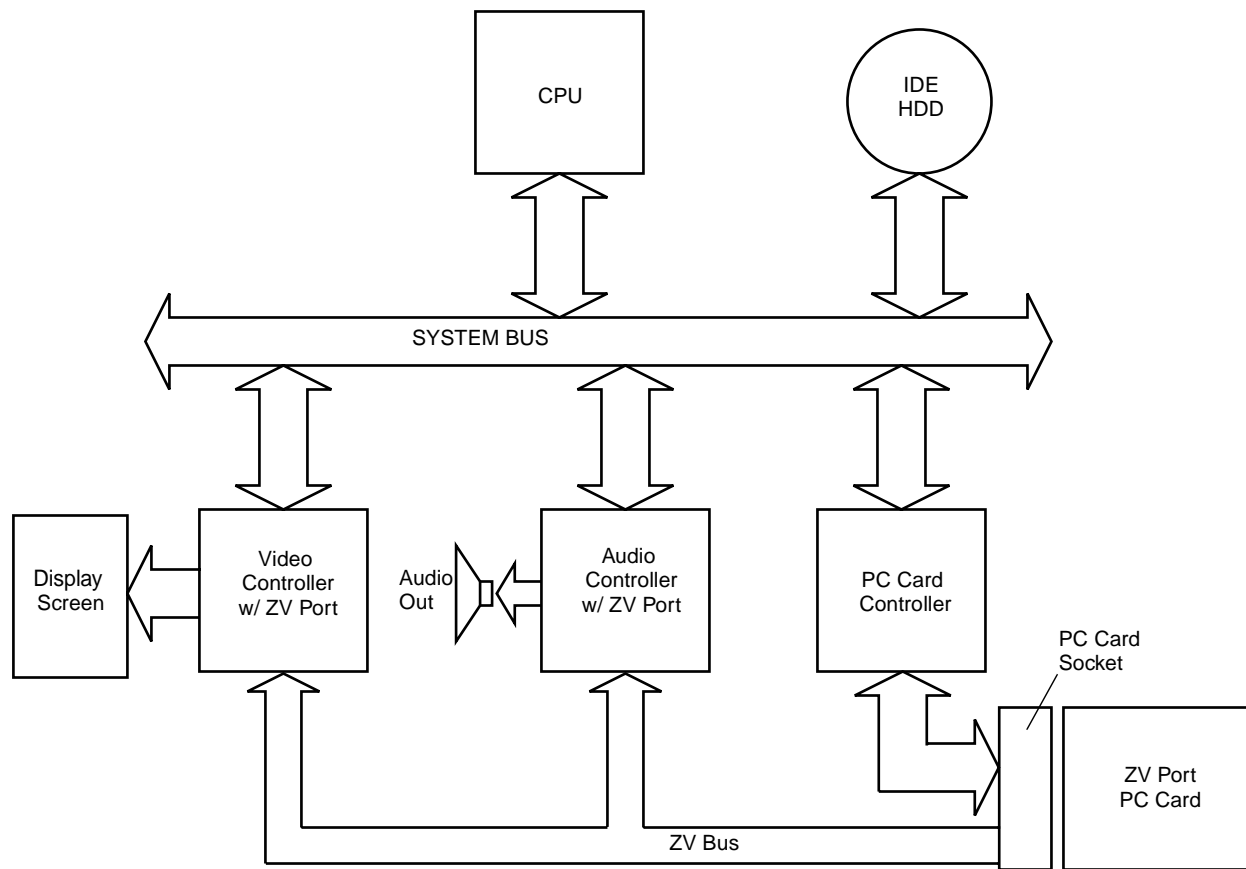


Figure 1-1 Zoomed Video Port

**Note:** Figure 1-1 is intended to illustrate the concept of the ZV bus. This figure does not depict a complete system block diagram. Individual system buses, such as the ISA and PCI buses are not called out.

In the case of Zoomed Video playback, MPEG compressed data is transferred from the hard disk to the Zoomed Video card (via the system bus and the PC Card controller). The MPEG data is then decompressed by the PC Card and sent to the display and audio controller via the ZV bus.



Note the following with respect to using Zoomed Video features on the Stylistic LT pen tablet:

- Video functions such as video capture and MPEG decompression/playback are performed by the Zoomed Video card. Your Zoomed Video card may not perform all of these video functions. Refer to the documentation for your PC Card to determine its video capabilities.
- All Stylistic LT pen tablets are equipped with ZV Port technology; however, full motion video is best viewed on a system with a TFT display. Color transfective displays will produce a “blurred” effect because the display cannot respond fast enough to display full-motion video.
- You can install two Type II PC Cards in slots 1 and 2, or one Type III PC Card in slot 1. If your PC Card supports Zoomed Video (ZV), **you must install it in slot 1**; only slot 1 supports the ZV Bus.

Also, note that performing MPEG decompression and playback without a Zoomed Video card is possible using software compression and decompression; however, doing so may produce uneven (unsteady) video playback.

Card and Socket Services software to support Zoomed Video is built into the Windows 98 operating system.



## Chapter 2

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### System Software

This chapter outlines system software supported on the Stylistic LT pen tablet including operating system software, and drivers and utilities developed specifically for the Stylistic LT pen tablet system.

#### Supported Operating Systems

The Stylistic LT pen tablet is distributed with the Windows 98 operating system preinstalled.

Licensing and user documentation for the operating system installed on your system is also included with the pen tablet. For details on the operating system, refer to the documentation provided, or refer to the documents listed in “Related Documentation” in the About This Guide section of this manual.

**Note:** *MS-DOS is not supported as an end-user operating environment. Support for MS-DOS is limited to the use of configuration and other support utilities designed for the Stylistic LT pen tablet system such as MFGLITE.*

#### Pen Support

Pen support for the Stylistic LT pen tablet is provided by the following three pen subsystems:

- Microsoft Pen Services 2.0 with CIC HRS 5.0.5
- CIC PenX 1.66 with CIC HRS 5.0.5
- Mouse Emulation

You can select one of these subsystems “on the fly” using the pen configuration control panel applet. See “Pen Configuration” on page 3-1 for details. (Software for all of these subsystems runs at the same time. Pen information is routed to the selected subsystem.)

Pen drivers (developed by Fujitsu Personal Systems) for the Stylistic LT support the pen digitizer system as a Plug and Play (PnP) device. To view information on these pen drivers, open Pen Configuration in Control Panel and choose the About tab. Select the desired file from the list and choose File Info.

#### PC Card Support

The Stylistic LT pen tablet fully supports the PC Card standard release 3.0. System resources for PC Cards are configured automatically by Windows 98.

#### Overview of System Configuration Tools and Utilities

The following system configuration tools and utilities are supported for use with the pen tablet. Unless otherwise noted, details on using these programs are given in Chapter 3 of this manual.

- **BIOS Setup**  
A BIOS configuration utility stored in the system's CMOS memory.
- **Handwriter Settings**  
A control panel applet that allows you to configure settings for handwriting recognition and inking.
- **Pen Configuration**

A control panel applet that allows you to select the pen subsystem, calibrate the pen, and configure pen settings.

- **MFGLITE**

A configuration utility that runs under MS-DOS and allows you to configure BIOS options.

- **PHDISK**

A utility used to prepare your hard disk for using save-to-disk suspend mode.

## Chapter 3

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# Configuring the Stylistic LT Pen Tablet System

This chapter provides instructions on how to use various configuration utilities to configure the Stylistic LT pen tablet BIOS.

## Pen Configuration

The Stylistic LT system includes a pen configuration control panel applet which allows you to select the pen subsystem, configure pen buttons, and calibrate the pen. To use this applet, open Pen Configuration in Control Panel and select the desired tab as follows:

- **Pen Subsystem**  
Allows you to choose the active pen subsystem and apply your changes “on the fly”. See “Pen Subsystems” for more information.
- **Pen Buttons**  
Allows you to configure the functions and behavior of the pen “buttons” (simulating left- and right-clicks).
- **Calibration**  
Allows you to calibrate the pen digitizer system.
- **About**  
Allows you to view file information about the installed pen drivers.

For details on each of these features, tap the Help button for each tab.

## Pen Subsystems

The Stylistic LT supports the following pen subsystems: Pen X, Pen Windows, or Emulate Mouse. You choose one of these subsystems using the Pen Configuration Control Panel applet, as described earlier.

**Note:** *Training utilities work only for the specific pen subsystem. Tutorials such as Handwriting Trainer for Pen Windows and Handwriter Tutorial for Pen X can only be used when the respective pen subsystem is selected.*

## Permanent and Current BIOS Settings

Some BIOS configuration utilities allow you to select permanent and/or current settings when configuring BIOS options. When you change a permanent setting, BIOS parameters stored in CMOS memory are changed and the new setting is applied *after* the system is restarted. When you change a current setting, BIOS parameters stored in dynamic memory are changed and the new setting is applied for the current session. Also, note that a change to the current setting only remains in effect until the system is restarted or shut down.

BIOS code resides in the system's CMOS memory. When the system is powered on, BIOS code is copied or "shadowed" into the system's dynamic memory and the system runs using BIOS parameters stored in dynamic memory.

## BIOS Setup

BIOS Setup is a configuration utility that you can use to change your system's permanent BIOS settings. The BIOS Setup application is stored in the BIOS flash ROM. (BIOS Setup values or settings are stored in CMOS memory.) Instructions for starting and running BIOS Setup are given in the following discussions.

### Starting BIOS Setup

To start BIOS Setup,

Restart your system and when the following message is displayed,

Double-tap the pen or press F2 to enter Setup

double-tap the pen on the display screen or press F2 on your external keyboard.

The system starts BIOS Setup and the BIOS Setup main menu is displayed. Note that the system can be configured to start without displaying the message above. If this is the case, you must attach an external keyboard and hold down the F2 key while you start your system until the BIOS Setup screen is displayed.

Options and settings for menus in BIOS Setup are described in tables appearing later in this chapter.

## Using BIOS Setup

Once BIOS Setup is started, you can use BIOS Setup to change your system's BIOS settings. The BIOS Setup screen consists of a menu bar, menu items, a command bar, and a window for item-specific help as shown in Figure 3-1.

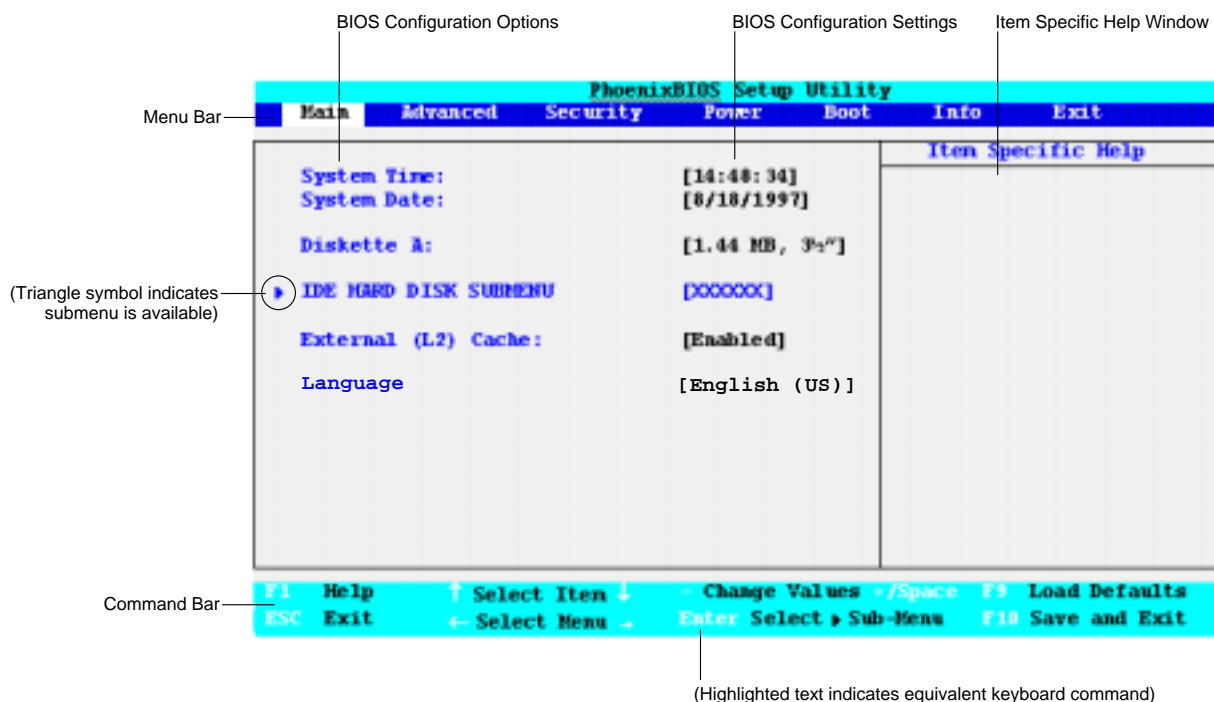


Figure 3-1 BIOS Setup Screen

Instructions for selecting and changing BIOS options and navigating BIOS Setup menus using a pen or external keyboard are given below:

- **To select a BIOS Setup menu from the menu bar**, tap on the menu name in the menu bar, tap on the right or left side of the Select Menu field in the command bar, or use the right or left arrow keys on an external keyboard to highlight the menu and display a list of menu options.
- **To select a BIOS option**, tap on the setting field for the option, tap on the right or left side of the Select Item field in the Command Bar, or use the up and down arrow keys on an external keyboard to highlight the option in the list of items for a given menu.
- **To change the setting of a selected BIOS option**, tap directly on the setting field, tap on the highlighted commands to the right or left of Change Values in the command bar, or use the -, +, /, and space keys on an external keyboard to cycle through the list of possible settings. (You can also change settings using a pop-up menu as described next.)
- **To access a “pop-up” menu with a list all possible settings for a given BIOS option**, tap on the setting, tap the right mouse hotpad, then tap on the setting again. The pop-up menu appears. You can then tap directly on the desired setting in the pop-up menu to change the setting.
- **To select and enter a submenu**, tap twice on the submenu name or select the submenu using the up and down arrow keys on the hotpad or an external keyboard and press Enter. (The Main, Advanced, Power, and Boot menus contain submenus.)
- **To view Item-Specific Help** for a BIOS option, select the option. Item specific help is displayed.
- **To view General Help for BIOS Setup**, tap on Help in the command bar or press F1 on your external keyboard. The BIOS Setup help screen is displayed giving general instructions for using BIOS Setup.

- **To exit BIOS Setup**, choose the appropriate option from the Exit menu, or tap Save and Exit in the command bar, or press F10 on an external keyboard. See “Exiting BIOS Setup” on page 3-4 for details.
- **To load factory default settings for all BIOS options**, select Load Defaults from the command bar.

## Exiting BIOS Setup

Once you have finished making changes in BIOS Setup, you must exit BIOS Setup and allow the system to boot to apply your configuration changes. You can exit BIOS Setup by selecting options in the Exit menu. The Exit menu includes options that allow you to load default BIOS settings, load previous settings, discard your changes, save your changes, and exit BIOS Setup. For details on Exit menu options, see “Exit Menu Options” on page 3-20.

## BIOS Setup Main Menu Options

BIOS Setup Main menu options are given in Table 3-1. (Options and settings for other BIOS Setup menus are described in the tables that follow.) The default setting for each option is listed in bold type when applicable.

*Table 3-1 BIOS Setup Main Menu Options*

Option	Settings	Description
System Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59	Real Time Clock (RTC) setting in hours, minutes, and seconds. Note that the system time option uses a 24 hour format.
System Date	01/01/1981 to 12/31/2099	RTC calendar setting in month/day/year format.
Diskette A:	Disabled <b>1.44 MB, 3 1/2”</b>	Floppy disk drive type for external floppy drive. Selecting <i>Disabled</i> disables the floppy disk drive port.
IDE Hard Disk Submenu	(See “IDE Hard Disk Drive Options” later in this section.)	Select this field to access IDE hard disk drive submenu.
External Level 2 Cache	Disabled <b>Enabled</b>	Enable or disable external level 2 cache (external to CPU).  Note that memory from 0 to 64 MB is cached when this option is enabled. Memory above 64 MB is not cached regardless of this setting. (This is a limitation of the Intel chip set.)  Also note that level 1 cache (internal CPU cache) is always enabled.
Language	<b>English</b> Japanese	Select the language in which to display the BIOS.



## IDE Hard Disk Drive Submenu Options

Options and settings for the IDE Hard Disk Drive Submenu are given in Table 3-2.

Table 3-2 BIOS Setup IDE Hard Disk Drive Configuration Options

Option	Settings	Description
HDD Configuration	<b>Auto Detect</b> User Defined Disable HDD	IDE hard disk drive configuration method. Select <i>Auto Detect</i> to load configuration parameters from the hard disk drive automatically. Selecting <i>User Defined</i> allows you to manually enter parameter values for the remaining options listed in this table.
Size	XXXX MB	Displays the size of the hard disk drive.
Cylinders*	0 to 65535	Number of cylinders.
Heads*	1 to 16	Number of read/write heads.
Sectors Per Track*	0 to 63	Number of sectors per track.
Multisector Transfers*	Disabled 2 Sectors 4 Sectors 8 Sectors <b>16 Sectors</b> MAX32 MAX64 MAX128	Number of sectors used in multisector transfers. You can cycle through the settings for this option repeatedly to select values larger than 16 sectors up to the maximum (MAXnnn) allowable for the hard disk drive. (Selecting the maximum, or values larger than the default may degrade performance.)
LBA Mode Control*	Disabled <b>Enabled</b>	Logical Block Address (LBA) mode control. Selecting Enabled causes logical block addressing to be used instead of cylinder, head, and sector addressing.
Transfer Mode*	Standard Fast PIO 1 Fast PIO 2 Fast PIO 3 Fast PIO 4 Fast PIO 3 / DMA <b>Fast PIO 4 / DMA</b>	Determines the method for data transfers to and from the hard disk drive. (Choosing Auto Detect for the HDD Configuration option selects the optimum setting for this option.)
Ultra DMA Mode*	<b>Disabled</b> Mode 0 Mode 1 Mode 2	Determines the mode used for ultra-DMA transfers.  (Choosing Auto Detect for the HDD Configuration option selects the optimum setting for this option.)

\* These values can be changed when User Defined is selected.

## Advanced Menu Options

Options in the Advanced menu are described in Table 3-3.

*Table 3-3 BIOS Setup Advanced Menu Options*

Option	Settings	Description
Plug & Play OS	No <b>Yes</b>	Determines whether BIOS support for Plug and Play device configuration is enabled.  Select Yes if your operating system supports Plug and Play configuration.  Select No if your operating system does not support Plug and Play configuration. (Windows 98 supports Plug and Play.) If this option is set to Yes, the BIOS only enables devices required to boot the system; further configuration is performed by the operating system.
Secured Setup Configurations	<b>No</b> Yes	Select Yes to prevent a Plug and Play operating system from changing device configuration settings. Select No to allow a Plug and Play operating system to configure system devices.
INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS SUBMENU		Enter this submenu to configure peripheral interfaces. (See "Integrated Peripherals Submenu Options" on page 3-7 for details.)
AUDIO/VIDEO SUBMENU		Enter this submenu to configure system resources for the audio and video controllers. (See "Audio/Video Submenu Options" on page 3-9 for details.)
IRQ RESERVATION SUBMENU		Enter this menu to configure system resources for PCI devices. (See "IRQ Reservation Submenu" on page 3-10 for details.)
DMI EVENT LOGGING SUBMENU		Enter this menu to configure DMI event logging parameters. (See "DMI Event Logging Submenu" on page 3-10 for details.)
Hotpad	<b>Enabled</b> Disabled	This setting determines whether the following hotpads are enabled: Speaker Mute, Volume Up/Down, and Display Select.

## Integrated Peripherals Submenu Options

Configuration options for the Integrated Peripherals submenu are given in Table 3-4. Note that some peripheral interfaces are only available when using a device attached to the system interface port such as the Stylistic LT Mini-Dock.

*Table 3-4 BIOS Setup Integrated Peripherals Submenu Options*

Option	Settings	Description
Serial Port A	Disabled <b>Enabled</b> Auto	Determines whether serial port A is active and the method used to configure serial port A.  Select Auto to allow the BIOS or operating system to configure the port automatically. Select Enabled to configure the Base I/O Address and Interrupt options manually in BIOS setup. Select Disabled to turn serial port A off.
Base I/O Address	<b>3F8</b> 2F8 3E8 2E8	Determines the base I/O address used for serial port A. The Serial Port A option must be set to Enabled before this setting can be changed.
Interrupt	IRQ 3 <b>IRQ 4</b> IRQ 10 IRQ 11	Determines the interrupt request level used for serial port A. The Serial Port A option must be set to Enabled before this setting can be changed.
Serial Port B	<b>Disabled</b> Enabled Auto	Determines whether serial port B is active and the method used to configure serial port B.  Select Auto to allow the BIOS or operating system to configure the port automatically. Select Enabled to configure the Base I/O Address and Interrupt options manually in BIOS setup. Select Disabled to turn serial port B off.
Device	IrDA <b>FIR</b>	Determines which physical interface serial port B is assigned to. Select IrDA to use the IrDA port in Standard IR (SIR) mode (115 Kbps). Select FIR to use the IrDA port in Fast IR mode (4 Mbps).
Base I/O Address	3F8 2F8 3E8 <b>2E8</b>	Determines the base I/O address used for serial port B. The Serial Port B option must be set to Enabled before this setting can be changed.
Interrupt	<b>IRQ 3</b> IRQ 4 IRQ 10 IRQ 11	Determines the interrupt request level used for serial port B. The Serial Port B option must be set to Enabled before this setting can be changed.
2nd Base I/O Address	100 108 110 <b>118</b>	Determines the 2nd base I/O address for serial port B. This option is only selectable when the Serial Port B Device setting is FIR.
FIR DMA Channel	DMA 1 <b>DMA 3</b>	Determines the DMA channel assigned to serial port B when using Fast IR mode. This option is only selectable when the Serial Port B Device setting is FIR.

Table 3-4 BIOS Setup Integrated Peripherals Submenu Options (Continued)

Option	Settings	Description
Parallel Port	Disabled <b>Enabled</b> Auto	Determines how system resources for the parallel port are configured. Select Enabled to configure resources manually. Select Auto to allow the BIOS (or Plug and Play operating system) to configure system resources for the parallel port. Select Disabled to disable the parallel port.
Mode	Output Only <b>Bidirectional</b> ECP	Determines the operational mode for the parallel port. Select Output Only, Bidirectional, or ECP (Extended Capabilities Port) depending on which setting is appropriate for your application.  This option is not displayed when the Parallel Port option is set to Disabled.
Base I/O Address	<b>378</b> 278 3BC	Determines the base I/O address used for the parallel port. This option is not displayed when the Parallel Port option is set to Disabled.
Interrupt	IRQ 5 <b>IRQ 7</b>	Determines the interrupt request level used for the parallel port. This option is not displayed when the Parallel Port option is set to Disabled.
ECP DMA Channel	<b>DMA 1</b> DMA 3	Determines the DMA channel assigned to the parallel port when using ECP mode.  This option is not displayed when the Parallel Port option is set to Disabled.
Keyboard/Mouse Hot Plug	Disabled <b>Enabled</b>	Determines whether hot plug capability is enabled for the keyboard/mouse port. When Enabled is selected, the system polls the keyboard and mouse ports periodically for the presence of a keyboard or mouse device. When a device is detected, the keyboard/mouse interface is enabled.  (Note that this option must be set to Disabled when using some scanner devices or bar code readers such as the RS 1 Ring Scanner from Symbol Technologies.)
Internal Modem	Disabled <b>Enabled</b>	Determines whether the system's internal modem is enabled or disabled. This option is only displayed on systems equipped with a built-in modem.
Internal LAN	Disabled <b>Enabled</b>	Determines whether the system's optional internal LAN module is enabled or disabled.

## Audio/Video Submenu Options

Options for the Audio Features submenu are given in Table 3-5.

*Table 3-5 BIOS Setup Audio Features Options*

Option	Settings	Description
Audio	Disabled <b>Enabled</b> Auto	Determines whether the audio controller is enabled and how system resources for the audio controller are assigned. If Enabled is selected, you can select system resources for the Audio controller in BIOS setup. If Auto is selected, system resources for the audio controller are assigned by the BIOS or Plug and Play operating system.  Note that setting this option to Disabled does not disable system “beep” functions.
I/O Address	<b>220 - 22F</b> 240 - 24F 260 - 26F 280 - 28F	Determines the I/O address range assigned to the audio controller.
FM I/O Address	<b>388 - 38B</b> 38C - 38F 390 - 393 394 - 397	Determines the I/O address for audio controller's FM synthesizer.
Interrupt	<b>IRQ 5</b> IRQ 7 IRQ 9 IRQ 10 IRQ 11	Determines the IRQ assigned to the audio controller.
DMA Channel 1	DMA 0 <b>DMA 1</b> DMA 3 DMA 5	Determines the DMA channel setting for the audio controller's first DMA channel.
DMA Channel 2	DMA 0 DMA 1 DMA 3 <b>DMA 5</b>	Determines the DMA channel setting for the audio controller's second DMA channel.
Speaker	<b>On</b> Mute	Determines whether the speaker, head phone, or line out audio outputs are on or off. Select <i>Mute</i> to turn these audio outputs off. (This setting reflects the current setting of the Speaker Mute hotpad.)
Display	<b>LCD</b> External Monitor LCD & External Monitor	Determines the default display device. Select the appropriate option to choose the LCD (pen tablet display screen), an external video monitor, or both as the default display device.  Note that using the Display Select hotpad will change this setting.
Expand VGA Screen	<b>Disabled</b> Enabled	Determines whether the full screen area (800 x 600 pixels) is used by programs running in VGA (640 x 480) video mode. Select Disabled to use the center portion of the screen (640 x 480 pixels). Select Enabled to use the full screen area.

## IRQ Reservation Submenu

The IRQ Reservation Submenu allows you to reserve specific IRQs that are used by legacy devices. Unless you need to reserve specific IRQs to resolve a resource conflict, the recommended setting for each of these options is Available.

*Table 3-6 BIOS Setup IRQ Reservation Submenu Options*

Option	Settings	Description
IRQ 3	<b>Available</b> Reserved	Select Reserved if the IRQ is needed for use by a legacy ISA device.
IRQ 4	<b>Available</b> Reserved	Select Reserved if the IRQ is needed for use by a legacy ISA device.
IRQ 5	<b>Available</b> Reserved	Select Reserved if the IRQ is needed for use by a legacy ISA device.
IRQ 7	<b>Available</b> Reserved	Select Reserved if the IRQ is needed for use by a legacy ISA device.
IRQ 9	<b>Available</b> Reserved	Select Reserved if the IRQ is needed for use by a legacy ISA device.
IRQ 10	<b>Available</b> Reserved	Select Reserved if the IRQ is needed for use by a legacy ISA device.
IRQ 11	<b>Available</b> Reserved	Select Reserved if the IRQ is needed for use by a legacy ISA device.

## DMI Event Logging Submenu

The DMI (Desktop Management Interface) Event Logging Submenu allows you to configure DMI event logging options. To access this submenu, select DMI Event Logging Submenu from the Advanced menu.

*Table 3-7 DMI Event Logging Submenu Options*

Option	Settings	Description
Event Log Capacity		Capacity and status of the event log is displayed.
Event Log Validity		Indicates whether data in the event log is valid.
Clear all DMI event logs	<b>No</b> Yes	Choose Yes to clear all DMI event logs at the next boot. (This setting is reset to No after the event logs are cleared.)
Event Logging	Disabled <b>Enabled</b>	Determines whether DMI event logging is enabled.
System Boot Event	<b>Disabled</b> Enabled	Determines whether system boot events are logged. Note that this option can only be set when the Event Logging option is Enabled.

## Security Menu Options

Security menu options for the Stylistic LT pen tablet are described in Table 3-8. Note that settings for some security menu options determine whether other options are available.

*Table 3-8 BIOS Setup Security Menu Options*

Option	Settings	Description
Security Mode	Security Card <b>Normal</b>	Determines whether a security card is required to input the password. Selecting Normal allows input of password through the keyboard.
Set Supervisor Password	(Tap on the setting field for this option or press Enter to specify a supervisor password.)	<p>Specifying a supervisor password grants access to all password protected Security menu options.</p> <p>When a supervisor password is enabled and a user password is used to enter BIOS Setup, the user cannot access the following Security menu options: Set Supervisor Password, Diskette Access, and Fixed Disk Boot Sector.</p> <p>When Enabled, a supervisor password (or user password if used) is required to run BIOS Setup.</p>
Supervisor Password Is	Enabled Disabled	Indicates whether a supervisor password has been specified. (This field cannot be changed directly. To enable or disable the supervisor password, enter a new password or clear the old password using the Set Supervisor Password option.)
Set User Password	(Press Enter to specify a user password.)	<p>Specifying a user password grants access to the following Security menu options only: User Password, Password On Boot. Other Security menu options are not accessible.</p> <p>(When a supervisor password is enabled and a user password is used to enter BIOS Setup, the user cannot access the following Security options: Set Supervisor Password, Diskette Access, Fixed Disk Boot Sector.)</p> <p>When enabled, a user (or supervisor) password is required to run BIOS Setup.</p> <p>Note that a supervisor password must be enabled before a user password can be specified.</p>
User Password Is	Enabled Disabled	Indicates whether a user password has been specified. (This field cannot be changed directly. To enable or disable the user password, enter a new password or clear the old password using the Set User Password option.)
Password On Boot	<b>Disabled</b> Enabled	Select Enabled to require a user or supervisor password to boot the system. Note that a user or supervisor password must be specified before this option can be enabled.

Table 3-8 BIOS Setup Security Menu Options (Continued)

Option	Settings	Description
Password Protect HDD	<b>Disabled</b> Enabled	<p>This option protects data on the hard disk with the password lock feature of the hard disk drive.</p> <p>Select Enabled to prevent access to data on the hard disk drive when it is used in another system. If the drive is used in another system, the data can only be accessed if the original password is used. (This setting does not affect access to the drive when used in the original pen tablet.)</p> <p>If Disabled is selected, a password is not required to read data from the hard disk when it is installed in another system.</p>
Diskette Access	<b>All</b> Supervisor Only	<p>This option determines who has access to an external floppy drive. Select Supervisor Only to allow diskette access only after the system is started by entering a supervisor password when the Password On Boot option is enabled. If the Password On Boot option is disabled, the floppy drive is not accessible.</p> <p>When Supervisor Only is selected, the system prevents diskette access if Supervisor Password is enabled and the Supervisor password was not entered at boot time.</p>
Fixed Disk Boot Sector	<b>Normal</b> Write Protect	<p>This option write-protects the boot sector on the hard disk, to protect against viruses.</p> <p>Select Write Protect to grant read only access to the hard disk drive's boot sector.</p> <p>Select Normal to allow read and write access to the boot sector.</p> <p><b>Caution</b></p> <p>Selecting Write Protect is not advisable on systems running Windows 98, since it must occasionally write to the boot sector. You would typically select Normal.</p>



## Power Savings Menu Options

Options for the Power Savings menu are described in Table 3-9. Default settings for most options in this menu differ depending on the setting selected for the Power Savings BIOS option. (Refer to Chapter 6 of this manual for more information on power management.)

### Caution

Power savings options should be set to the most conservative values possible for your application. Doing so extends battery life and lowers internal temperatures of the pen tablet.

Windows 98 can be configured to use ACPI. (ACPI is not enabled as a factory setting.) Systems with ACPI enabled will not use power management settings configured in BIOS Setup. To configure power management settings in Windows 98, open Power Management in Control Panel and select the desired settings in the Power Management Properties window.

*Table 3-9 BIOS Setup Power Savings Options*

Option	Settings	Description
APM Power Savings	Off <b>Customize</b> Max Battery Life Max Performance	Select Max Performance to configure the system to use a power management profile designed for maximum system performance. Select Max Battery Life to use a power management profile designed to maximize battery life. Select Customize to edit power management BIOS options directly and create a custom power management profile. Select Off to use no power management (all devices remain fully on).
HDD Spin-down Timeout	Off 5 Seconds 10 Seconds <b>30 Seconds</b> 1 Minute 2 Minutes 4 Minutes 6 Minutes 8 Minutes 10 Minutes 15 Minutes 20 Minutes	Determines the amount of time elapsed with no hard disk drive activity before the hard disk drive is spun down. Select Off to keep the hard disk fully powered (always spinning) while the system is running. Note that the hard disk drive is more vulnerable to shock and vibration damage when it is spinning.
Video Timeout	Off 30 Seconds <b>2 Minutes</b> 4 Minutes 6 Minutes 8 Minutes 10 Minutes 15 Minutes 20 Minutes	<p>Use this option to determine the amount of time the user input devices are inactive before the screen is turned off automatically.</p> <p>This setting affects any external video monitor as well as the pen tablet display screen.</p> <p>Select Off to keep the video system fully powered while the system is running.</p>

Table 3-9 BIOS Setup Power Savings Options (Continued)

Option	Settings	Description
Idle Mode Timeout	Off <b>1/2 second</b>	<p>This setting determines the amount of time elapsed with no system activity before the CPU enters idle mode.</p> <p>Select Off to disable Idle mode. When in idle mode, the CPU speed drops to a speed selected from the Idle Mode CPU Speed settings.</p> <p>Idle Mode slows down the CPU (to the speed selected for the Idle Mode CPU Speed BIOS option) during periods when the system is not busy. (See "Idle Mode" on page 6-5 for more information on idle mode.)</p>
Idle Mode CPU Speed	<b>60 MHz</b> 90 MHz 120 MHz 180 MHz	Determines the CPU speed when the system is in Idle mode. Note that this setting does not determine the idle mode CPU speed when APM (Advanced Power Management) software is running. (See "APM CPU Idle Mode" on page 6-8 for more information.)
Standby Mode Timeout	Off 1 Minute <b>2 Minutes</b> 4 Minutes 6 Minutes 8 Minutes 12 Minutes 16 Minutes	<p>Standby Mode turns off various devices in the system, including the screen and the CPU until you start using the computer again.</p> <p>Select the period of time the system should be inactive before it automatically enters standby mode. When in standby mode, some system components, including the display, are turned off to conserve battery power.</p> <p>Select Off to disable the Standby Mode Timeout feature. (See "Standby Mode" on page 6-6 for more information.)</p>
Suspend Mode Timeout	Off <b>5 Minutes</b> 10 Minutes 15 Minutes 20 Minutes 30 Minutes 40 Minutes 60 Minutes	Determines the amount of time elapsed with no system activity before system operation is suspended automatically.
Low Battery CPU Speed	<b>60 MHz</b> 90 MHz 120 MHz	Determines the CPU speed used when the low battery warning condition occurs.
POWER SAVINGS OPTIONS SUBMENU		Select this submenu to further refine power management BIOS options. See "Power Savings Options Submenu (Accessed Through The Power Savings Menu)" on page 3-16 for more information.

*Table 3-10 Preset Values for Power Saving Modes*

<b>Power Saving Mode</b>	<b>Customize</b>	<b>Max Performance</b>	<b>Max Battery Life</b>	<b>Off</b>
HDD Spin-down Timeout	30 Seconds	30 Seconds	30 Seconds	Off
Video Timeout	2 Minutes	Off	30 Seconds	Off
Idle Mode Timeout	1/2 Second	Off	1/2 Second	Off
Idle Mode CPU Speed	60 MHz	180 MHz	60 MHz	180 MHz
Standby Mode Timeout	2 Minutes	Off	1 Minute	Off
Suspend Mode Timeout	5 Minutes	30 Minutes	5 Minutes	Off
Low Battery CPU Speed	60 MHz	120 MHz	60 MHz	120 MHz

## Power Savings Options Submenu (Accessed Through The Power Savings Menu)

Options for the Power Savings Options submenu are described in Table 3-11.

*Table 3-11. BIOS Setup Power Savings Options Submenu*

Option	Settings	Description
Suspend Mode	<b>Suspend To RAM</b> Suspend To Disk	Determines the suspend mode used when you press the Suspend/Resume button or when the Suspend Mode Timeout expires.  Selecting Suspend To RAM also allows you to configure the Suspend-To-Disk Timeout option.  Note: You must choose Suspend To Ram to use the Resume On Modem Ring and Resume On Time options.
Suspend-To-Disk Timeout	<b>Off</b> After 1 Hour	Determines whether the system automatically performs a suspend-to-disk operation after 1 hour in suspend-to-RAM mode.  To use this feature, the Suspend Mode option must be set to Suspend To RAM.
Resume On Modem Ring	<b>Off</b> On	Select On to configure the system to resume operation when an incoming call is detected by your modem.  This feature will detect a modem ring on the optional built-in modem, a modem installed in a PC Card slot, or an external modem connected to a serial port; however, implementation of the ring indicator function differs between modem vendors, so this feature may not be supported by some third-party modems.  To use this feature, the Suspend Mode option must be set to Suspend To RAM.
Resume On Time	<b>Off</b> On	Select On to configure your system to resume operation at the time of day specified in the Resume Time field.  To use this feature, the Suspend Mode option must be set to Suspend To RAM.
Resume Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59	Determines time of day system will resume when the Resume On Time option is On. Enter the time of day in HH:MM:SS format. Note that the system uses a 24-hour clock.

Table 3-11. BIOS Setup Power Savings Options Submenu (Continued)

Option	Settings	Description
SUS/RES Switch	Disabled <b>Enabled</b>	<p>Determines how the Suspend/Resume button is configured.</p> <p>Select Normal to allow Suspend/Resume button to be used to suspend/resume system operation.</p> <p>Select Resume Only to allow Suspend/Resume button to be used only to resume operation from suspended mode.</p> <p>Select Power On/Off to configure the Suspend/Resume button to act as an On/Off switch.</p> <p><b>Caution</b> If the Power On/Off setting is selected, active data will be lost if the Suspend/Resume button is used to turn off the system.</p>
Resume On LAN	<b>Off</b> On	Determines whether the system will wake up when the optional internal LAN receives a magic packet in Suspend mode. If Resume On LAN is On, then LAN Power During Suspend should also be set to On.
LAN Power During Suspend	<b>Off</b> On	Determines whether the LAN power is on during Suspend mode.
APM CPU Idle Mode	<b>Normal</b> Diagnostic	Determines how clocks are managed in Idle mode when APM software is running. (See "APM CPU Idle Mode" on page 6-8 for more information.)
LCD Backlight Level	<b>Adjustable</b> Minimum Only	<p>Determines whether the display backlight level can be changed using Brightness hotpads.</p> <p>Choose Adjustable to allow backlight level to be changed.</p> <p>Choose Minimum Only to disable Brightness hotpads and set the backlight level to minimum at all times.</p>
Resume on Serial Activity	<b>Disabled</b> Enabled	<p>Determines whether the video system resumes when activity is detected on Serial Port A.</p> <p>Select Enabled to resume video system operation when a device (such as a serial mouse) connected to Serial Port A is active.</p>

## Boot Menu Options

Boot menu options are described in Table 3-12.

*Table 3-12 BIOS Setup Boot Menu Options*

Option	Settings	Description
QuickBoot Mode	Disabled <b>Enabled</b>	Determines whether the full set of tests are run during the Power-On Self Test (POST).  When Enabled is selected, the following occurs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• A less extensive memory test is performed and the size of installed memory is not displayed during the memory test.</li><li>• The Real Time Clock (RTC) is not tested.</li></ul> When Disabled is selected, the full set of tests are run.
Boot-Time Diagnostic Messages	<b>Disabled</b> Enabled	Determines whether status messages are displayed as the Power On Self Test (POST) is performed.  Select Enabled to display messages.  If Disabled is selected, messages are not displayed and the logo screen is displayed. (If POST errors occur, POST messages are displayed regardless of this setting.)
Setup Prompt	Disabled <b>Enabled</b>	Determines whether the BIOS Setup prompt message is displayed when you start the system.  Select Enabled to display the message.  If Disabled is selected, the message is not displayed, and you must attach an external keyboard and press F2 while the system is booting to enter BIOS Setup. (You cannot enter BIOS Setup by double-tapping with the pen when this option is disabled.)
Preboot Execution Environment	<b>Disabled</b> Enabled	Determines whether the preboot execution environment is enabled when the optional LAN module is built in.
BOOT SEQUENCE SUBMENU		Select this submenu to configure the order in which drives are searched for a bootable image.
Numlock	<b>Off</b> Auto On	Determines the initial state of the keyboard Numlock. Select Auto to turn on Numlock automatically if a keyboard is connected when you start the system.

## Boot Sequence Submenu

Table 3-13 describes settings in the Boot Sequence submenu.

*Table 3-13 BIOS Setup Boot Sequence Submenu*

Setting	Description
1. [Diskette Drive] 2. [Hard Drive] 3. [TCP/IP BOOT-PROM PXE]	Determines the order that the systems searches drives for a bootable image.  Tap on item 2 or 3 to change the boot sequence.

## Info Menu

The Info menu displays information about the pen tablet hardware and BIOS software installed on the system as described in Table 3-14.

*Table 3-14 BIOS Setup Info Menu*

Field	Values	Description
BIOS Version	n.nn	Version number of the BIOS software installed on system.
BIOS Date	MM/DD/YY	Release date of the BIOS software.
BIOS Area	xxxxh - FFFFh	Memory area used by the BIOS.
CPU Type	Pentium MMX	Pen tablet CPU.
CPU Speed	233 MHz	Processor speed.
L1 Cache	32 KB	Size of level 1 cache.
L2 Cache	512 KB	Size of level 2 cache.
Total Memory	64 MB SDRAM	Total memory installed in pen tablet (including built-in memory).
Asset Number	None, or User Defined String	Asset number assigned to pen tablet. (Information is only displayed if an asset number has been programmed into the pen tablet using a special utility.)

## Exit Menu Options

Exit menu options are described in Table 3-15.

*Table 3-15 BIOS Setup Exit Menu Options*

<b>Option</b>	<b>Description</b>
Save Changes and Exit	Exit after writing all changed BIOS Setup settings to CMOS memory.
Discard Changes and Exit	Exit without saving changes to BIOS Setup settings to CMOS memory.
Load All Default Values	Load default settings for all BIOS Setup options.
Load All Previous Values	Read previous settings from CMOS memory and load in all BIOS Setup options.
Save Changes	Save BIOS changes to CMOS.



## Running MFGLITE

MFGLITE is a command-line utility that allows you to configure BIOS Setup options and other options such as access to individual BIOS Setup menus. (Note that in addition to running MFGLITE at the command line as described here, you can run MFGLITE from a batch file to configure BIOS options to desired settings.)

To run MFGLITE attach a keyboard and floppy disk drive to your system and perform the following procedure. (An external keyboard must be used to type MFGLITE commands since pen support is not available for MFGLITE.) It may be necessary to download the MFGLITE utility from the FPSI web site, [www.fpsi.fujitsu.com](http://www.fpsi.fujitsu.com).

1. Start your system from a bootable diskette.
2. Type the command MFGLITE followed by the desired parameters using the following syntax,

```
MFGLITE [option=setting]
```

where *option* and *setting* are the mnemonic symbols for the desired MFGLITE parameters listed in Table 3-16. (Brackets indicate that the parameter is optional.) You can specify several parameters on the same command line. To do so, place a comma between each parameter. (Do not exceed the maximum MS-DOS command line length of 127 characters, including spaces.) For example, the following command sets the display device to LCD and turns the speaker off.

```
MFGLITE DISP=LCD, SPK=N
```

3. When all desired options and settings are typed on the command line, press Enter to run MFGLITE. When the MFGLITE command is complete, the following message is displayed.

```
Configuration complete.
```

Table 3-16 lists MFGLITE parameters and the BIOS settings that they configure. These BIOS options are the same as those described earlier for BIOS Setup. Refer to “BIOS Setup” earlier in this chapter for detailed descriptions of corresponding BIOS options listed in this table.

*Table 3-16 MFGLITE Parameters*

Option Symbol	Setting Symbol	Setting Description	Option Description
<i>QKBT</i>	<i>N</i>	Disabled	QuickBoot Mode
	<i>Y</i>	Enabled	
<i>DIAG</i>	<i>N</i>	Disabled	Boot-time Diagnostic Messages
	<i>Y</i>	Enabled	
<i>PRMT</i>	<i>N</i>	Disabled	Setup Prompt
	<i>Y</i>	Enabled	
<i>NLOK</i>	<i>A</i>	Auto	Numlock
	<i>Y</i>	On	
	<i>N</i>	Off	

Table 3-16 MFGLITE Parameters (Continued)

Option Symbol	Setting Symbol	Setting Description	Option Description
<i>BOOT</i>	<i>ACL</i>	A: then C: then LAN	Boot Sequence
	<i>ALC</i>	A: then LAN then C:	
	<i>CAL</i>	C: then A: then LAN	
	<i>CLA</i>	C: then LAN then A:	
	<i>LAC</i>	LAN then A: then C:	
	<i>LCA</i>	LAN then C: then A:	
<i>I3</i>	<i>N</i>	No	Reserve IRQ 3
	<i>Y</i>	Yes	
<i>I4</i>	<i>N</i>	No	Reserve IRQ 4
	<i>Y</i>	Yes	
<i>I5</i>	<i>N</i>	No	Reserve IRQ 5
	<i>Y</i>	Yes	
<i>I7</i>	<i>N</i>	No	Reserve IRQ 7
	<i>Y</i>	Yes	
<i>I9</i>	<i>N</i>	No	Reserve IRQ 9
	<i>Y</i>	Yes	
<i>I10</i>	<i>N</i>	No	Reserve IRQ 10
	<i>Y</i>	Yes	
<i>I11</i>	<i>N</i>	No	Reserve IRQ 11
	<i>Y</i>	Yes	
<i>MPA</i>	<i>N</i>	Lock	Main Page Lock: This option allows you to write protect (Lock) settings in the Main menu in BIOS Setup.
	<i>Y</i>	Allow Access	
<i>APA</i>	<i>N</i>	Lock	Advanced Page Lock: This option allows you to write protect (Lock) settings in the Advanced menu in BIOS Setup.
	<i>Y</i>	Allow Access	
<i>SPA</i>	<i>N</i>	Lock	Security Page Lock: This option allows you to write protect (Lock) settings in the Security menu in BIOS Setup.
	<i>Y</i>	Allow Access	

Table 3-16 MFGLITE Parameters (Continued)

Option Symbol	Setting Symbol	Setting Description	Option Description
<i>PPA</i>	<i>N</i>	Lock	Power Page Lock: This option allows you to write protect (Lock) settings in the Power menu in BIOS Setup.
	<i>Y</i>	Allow Access	
<i>BPA</i>	<i>N</i>	Lock	Boot Page Lock: This option allows you to write protect (Lock) settings in the Boot menu in BIOS Setup.
	<i>Y</i>	Allow Access	
<i>EPA</i>	<i>N</i>	Lock	Exit Page Lock: This option allows you to write protect (Lock) settings in the Exit menu in BIOS Setup.
	<i>Y</i>	Allow Access	
<i>EC</i>	<i>N</i>	Disabled	External Level 2 Cache
	<i>Y</i>	Enabled	
<i>SPK</i>	<i>ON</i>	On	Speaker This option allows you to mute the speaker, line out, and headphone outputs.
	<i>MUTE</i>	Off (Mute)	
<i>MOD</i>	<i>N</i>	Disable	Internal Modem
	<i>Y</i>	Enable	
<i>DMC</i>	<i>N</i>	No	Clear All DMI Event Logs
	<i>Y</i>	Yes	
<i>DML</i>	<i>N</i>	Disabled	DMI Event Logging
	<i>Y</i>	Enabled	
<i>DMB</i>	<i>N</i>	Disabled	DMI System Boot Event
	<i>Y</i>	Enabled	
<i>LPTP</i>	<i>OFF</i>	Disabled	Parallel Port
	<i>ON</i>	Enabled	
	<i>AUTO</i>	Auto	
<i>LPTM</i>	<i>O</i>	Output Only	Parallel Port Mode
	<i>B</i>	Bidirectional	
	<i>E</i>	Extended Capabilities	

Table 3-16 MFGLITE Parameters (Continued)

Option Symbol	Setting Symbol	Setting Description	Option Description
<i>LPTA</i>	<i>378</i>	I/O Address 378	Parallel Port Address
	<i>278</i>	I/O Address 278	
	<i>3BC</i>	I/O Address 3BC	
<i>LPTI</i>	<i>5</i>	IRQ 5	Parallel Port IRQ
	<i>7</i>	IRQ 7	
<i>LPTD</i>	<i>DMA1</i>	DMA Channel 1	Parallel Port ECP DMA Channel
	<i>DMA3</i>	DMA Channel 3	
<i>DSKA</i>	<i>OFF</i>	Disabled	Diskette A:
	<i>144</i>	1.44MB, 3.5" disk drive enabled	
<i>PLAN</i>	<i>N</i>	Disabled	Preboot Execute Environment
	<i>Y</i>	Enabled	
<i>LAN</i>	<i>N</i>	Disabled	LAN
	<i>Y</i>	Enabled	
<i>DISP</i>	<i>LCD</i>	LCD	Display Select
	<i>MON</i>	Monitor	
	<i>BOTH</i>	Both	
<i>BLL</i>	<i>ADJ</i>	Adjustable	LCD Backlight Level
	<i>MIN</i>	Minimum Only	
<i>PNP</i>	<i>N</i>	Disabled	Plug and Play
	<i>Y</i>	Enabled	
<i>SECU</i>	<i>N</i>	Disabled	Secure Configuration This option locks all BIOS settings. When this option is enabled, BIOS settings cannot be changed in BIOS Setup.
	<i>Y</i>	Enabled	
<i>KBM</i>	<i>N</i>	Disabled	Keyboard/Mouse Hot Plug
	<i>Y</i>	Enabled	
<i>VEXP</i>	<i>N</i>	Disabled	Expand VGA Screen
	<i>Y</i>	Enabled	
<i>HPAD</i>	<i>N</i>	Disabled	Hotpad
	<i>Y</i>	Enabled	
<i>WPRT</i>	<i>N</i>	Normal	Fixed Disk Boot Sector
	<i>W</i>	Write Protect	

Table 3-16 MFGLITE Parameters (Continued)

Option Symbol	Setting Symbol	Setting Description	Option Description
<i>SUSM</i>	<i>R</i>	Suspend-to-RAM	Suspend Mode
	<i>D</i>	Suspend-to-Disk	
<i>STD</i>	<i>N</i>	Off	Suspend-To-Disk Timeout
	<i>Y</i>	After 1 Hour	
<i>LPWR</i>	<i>N</i>	Off	Suspend LAN Power
	<i>Y</i>	On	
<i>RLAN</i>	<i>N</i>	Off	Resume on LAN
	<i>Y</i>	On	
<i>RMRI</i>	<i>N</i>	Off	Resume On Modem Ring
	<i>Y</i>	On	
<i>SUSB</i>	<i>RO</i>	Resume Only	Suspend Button
	<i>N</i>	Normal	
	<i>PWR</i>	Power On/Off	
<i>IDLM</i>	<i>D</i>	Diagnostic	APM CPU Idle Mode
	<i>N</i>	Normal	
<i>SERA</i>	<i>OFF</i>	Disabled	Serial Port A
	<i>ON</i>	Enabled	
	<i>AUTO</i>	Auto	
<i>SEAA</i>	<i>3F8</i>	I/O Address 3F8	Serial Port A Base I/O Address
	<i>2F8</i>	I/O Address 2F8	
	<i>3E8</i>	I/O Address 3E8	
	<i>2E8</i>	I/O Address 2E8	
<i>SEAI</i>	<i>3</i>	IRQ 3	Serial Port A Interrupt Request
	<i>4</i>	IRQ 4	
	<i>10</i>	IRQ 10	
	<i>11</i>	IRQ 11	
<i>SERB</i>	<i>OFF</i>	Disabled	Serial Port B
	<i>ON</i>	Enabled	
	<i>AUTO</i>	Auto	
<i>SEBA</i>	<i>3F8</i>	I/O Address 3F8	Serial Port B Base I/O Address
	<i>2F8</i>	I/O Address 2F8	
	<i>3E8</i>	I/O Address 3E8	
	<i>2E8</i>	I/O Address 2E8	
<i>SEBP</i>	<i>I</i>	IrDA	Serial Port B Device
	<i>F</i>	FIR	

Table 3-16 MFGLITE Parameters (Continued)

Option Symbol	Setting Symbol	Setting Description	Option Description
<i>SEBI</i>	<i>3</i>	IRQ 3	Serial Port B Interrupt Request
	<i>4</i>	IRQ 4	
	<i>10</i>	IRQ 10	
	<i>11</i>	IRQ 11	
<i>SEBD</i>	<i>DMA1</i>	DMA Channel 1	Serial Port B FIR DMA Channel
	<i>DMA3</i>	DMA Channel 3	
<i>SEB2</i>	<i>100</i>	I/O Address 100	Serial Port B 2nd Base I/O Address
	<i>108</i>	I/O Address 108	
	<i>110</i>	I/O Address 110	
	<i>118</i>	I/O Address 118	
<i>AUD</i>	<i>OFF</i>	Disabled	Audio
	<i>ON</i>	Enabled	
	<i>AUTO</i>	Auto	
<i>ABA</i>	<i>220</i>	I/O Address 220	Audio I/O Address
	<i>240</i>	I/O Address 240	
	<i>260</i>	I/O Address 260	
	<i>280</i>	I/O Address 280	
<i>AFMA</i>	<i>388</i>	I/O Address 388	Audio FM I/O Address
	<i>38C</i>	I/O Address 38C	
	<i>390</i>	I/O Address 390	
	<i>394</i>	I/O Address 394	
<i>AIRQ</i>	<i>5</i>	IRQ 5	Audio Interrupt Request
	<i>7</i>	IRQ 7	
	<i>9</i>	IRQ 9	
	<i>10</i>	IRQ 10	
	<i>11</i>	IRQ 11	
<i>ADM1</i>	<i>0</i>	DMA Channel 0	Audio DMA Channel 1
	<i>1</i>	DMA Channel 1	
	<i>3</i>	DMA Channel 3	
	<i>5</i>	DMA Channel 5	
<i>ADM2</i>	<i>0</i>	DMA Channel 0	Audio DMA Channel 1
	<i>1</i>	DMA Channel 1	
	<i>3</i>	DMA Channel 3	
	<i>5</i>	DMA Channel 5	
<i>RVS</i>	<i>N</i>	Disabled	Resume Video On Serial Activity
	<i>Y</i>	Enabled	

Table 3-16 MFGLITE Parameters (Continued)

Option Symbol	Setting Symbol	Setting Description	Option Description
<i>TIME</i>	<i>OFF</i>	Resume On Time Off	Resume Time
	<i>HH:MM:SS</i>	Resume On Time On [Hours:Minutes:Seconds]	
<i>PSM</i>	<i>OFF</i>	Off	Power Savings Mode
	<i>C</i>	Customize	
	<i>P</i>	Max Performance	
	<i>B</i>	Max Battery Life	
<i>IDLE</i>	<i>N</i>	Off	Idle Timeout
	<i>Y</i>	1/2 Second	
<i>LBS</i>	<i>60</i>	60 MHz	Low Battery CPU Speed
	<i>90</i>	90 MHz	
	<i>120</i>	120 MHz	
<i>VDT</i>	<i>N</i>	Off	Video Display Timeout
	<i>30S</i>	30 Seconds	
	<i>2</i>	2 Minutes	
	<i>4</i>	4 Minutes	
	<i>6</i>	6 Minutes	
	<i>8</i>	8 Minutes	
	<i>10</i>	10 Minutes	
	<i>15</i>	15 Minutes	
	<i>20</i>	20 Minutes	
<i>HDT</i>	<i>N</i>	Off	Hard Disk Drive Timeout
	<i>5S</i>	5 Seconds	
	<i>10S</i>	10 Seconds	
	<i>30S</i>	30 Seconds	
	<i>1</i>	1 Minute	
	<i>2</i>	2 Minutes	
	<i>4</i>	4 Minutes	
	<i>6</i>	6 Minutes	
	<i>8</i>	8 Minutes	
	<i>10</i>	10 Minutes	
	<i>15</i>	15 Minutes	
	<i>20</i>	20 Minutes	
<i>ICS</i>	<i>60</i>	60 MHz	Idle Mode CPU Speed
	<i>90</i>	90 MHz	
	<i>120</i>	120 MHz	
	<i>180</i>	180 MHz	

*Table 3-16 MFGLITE Parameters (Continued)*

<b>Option Symbol</b>	<b>Setting Symbol</b>	<b>Setting Description</b>	<b>Option Description</b>
<i>SDY</i>	<i>N</i>	Off	Standby Mode Timeout
	<i>1</i>	1 Minute	
	<i>2</i>	2 Minutes	
	<i>4</i>	4 Minutes	
	<i>6</i>	6 Minutes	
	<i>8</i>	8 Minutes	
	<i>12</i>	12 Minutes	
	<i>16</i>	16 Minutes	
<i>SUST</i>	<i>N</i>	Off	Suspend Mode Timeout
	<i>5</i>	5 Minutes	
	<i>10</i>	10 Minutes	
	<i>15</i>	15 Minutes	
	<i>20</i>	20 Minutes	
	<i>30</i>	30 Minutes	
	<i>40</i>	40 Minutes	
	<i>60</i>	60 Minutes	



## PHDISK Hard Disk Preparation Utility

The PHDISK hard disk preparation utility can be used to prepare either a dedicated partition or create a hidden MS-DOS file for storing system data during a suspend-to-disk or “save-to-disk” operation.

**Note:** • *The Stylistic LT is delivered with a Save-to-Disk file already created on the hard disk drive.*

• *PHDISK version 3.2.10 is supported for use with the Stylistic LT pen tablet.*

### Caution

Creating a save-to-disk partition will reformat the hard disk drive, erasing all data on the disk. Back up your hard disk before using PHDISK to create a save-to-disk partition.

## Command Line Options

Table 3-17 lists PHDISK command line options and additional parameters. Note that PHDISK options can be invoked using only the first letter of each option and parameter. For example either,

PHDISK /REFORMAT

or

PHDISK /R

can be used to invoke the reformat option.

*Table 3-17 PHDISK Command Line Options*

Option	Parameters	Description
None		Displays the PHDISK Opening Screen.
/CREATE	/PARTITION	Creates a save-to-disk partition. (Entire hard disk is reformatted.)  <b>Caution</b>  Creating a save-to-disk partition will reformat the hard disk drive, erasing all data on the disk. You must back up your hard disk before using PHDISK to create a save-to-disk partition. To avoid reformatting your hard disk, use the /FILE parameter instead of the /PARTITION parameter.
	/FILE	If no save-to-disk partition exists, PHDISK creates a save-to-disk file large enough for the current system configuration.  If a save-to-disk partition exists, PHDISK creates a save-to-disk file large enough to supplement the existing save-to-disk partition space. (The file created provides additional disk space required for save to disk operation.)

Table 3-17 PHDISK Command Line Options (Continued)

Option	Parameters	Description
/DELETE	/PARTITION	Deletes all data in the save-to-disk partition and renders disk space occupied by the save-to-disk partition unusable. (You must reformat the entire hard disk to use the hard disk space occupied by the deleted partition.)
	/FILE	Delete save-to-disk file.
/INFO	/PARTITION	Displays data about the save-to-disk partition.
	/FILE	Displays data about the save-to-disk file.
/REFORMAT	/PARTITION	Reformat the save-to-disk partition. This option is typically used if a hard disk error is detected in the save-to-disk partition.

The example below shows the type of information that is displayed when PHDISK is called without a command line option. This example displays both the save to disk FILE INFORMATION and save-to-disk PARTITION INFORMATION headers. These headers are displayed only when both a save-to-disk partition and a save to disk file exist. (The USAGE and OPTIONS headers are displayed in several screens displayed by PHDISK).

**Note:** When a save-to-disk partition and file both exist, save-to-disk data is stored in the partition first and any excess data is stored in the save-to-disk file. It is recommended that you configure your system to use either a save-to-disk partition exclusively or a save-to-disk file exclusively. This ensures that your save-to-disk data is stored in contiguous disk space.

```
PHDISK 3.2.10 -- Phoenix NoteBIOS 4.0 (TM) Save to Disk Preparation Utility
Copyright (c) Phoenix Technologies Ltd. 1995. All rights Reserved.
```

```
Save to Disk file information:
```

```
Your Save to Disk file is named C:\SAVE2DSK.BIN and has a size
of xxxx KBytes. It has System, Hidden, and Read Only attributes.
```

```
Save to Disk partition information:
```

```
Partition starts at sector xxxxx (head xx, cylinder xx, sector xx)
Partition size: xxxx KBytes total
```

```
Current System Status:
```

```
You currently need a Save to Disk area of xxxx KBytes. PhDisk will
also require additional overhead and will automatically calculate the
actual required space.
```

```
You have both a file and a partition. Save to Disk will default
to file. Either delete the file, or the partition.
```

```
Usage:PHDISK [options]
```

```
/CREATE      (/FILE or /PARTITION)    -- Create STD file or partition
/DELETE      (/FILE or /PARTITION)    -- Delete existing STD file or partition.
/INFO        -- Information on STD disk area(s)
/REFORMAT /PARTITION                  -- Reformat existing STD partition
```

This utility configures a hard disk to utilize the Phoenix NoteBIOS 4.0 Save to Disk feature. Please refer to your user manual for information regarding Save to Disk.

## CREATE Option

The CREATE option measures the amount of on-board memory, and partitions a segment of the hard disk drive large enough to store all the data that might be there. The CREATE option formats the save-to-disk partition or file, marking bad spots on the hard disk drive as they are found.

### Automatic Memory Size Calculation

PHDISK automatically measures all system and video memory and calculates the exact amount of hard disk space required to store the maximum amount of data the memory might contain. The result of this measurement, [SIZE], is displayed on the PHDISK screen.

The total amount of system and video memory is calculated by the following formula:

$$\text{Calculated memory} = \text{Physical System Memory} + \text{Video Memory} + 0.3 \text{ KBytes (Save to Disk overhead)}$$

Hard disk space is allocated by cluster, therefore, the save-to-disk partition may exceed [SIZE] by nearly one cluster. This space is used, as needed, for the bad-sector replacement pool.

### Specify Memory Size

The amount of disk space required to store all system and video memory is calculated automatically whenever the CREATE option is used. If you specify a specific amount of memory, [SIZE], equal to or larger than the calculated space required, the amount of memory specified by the [SIZE] parameter is allocated. [SIZE] is measured in kilobytes (the measurement notation K, or KB, or KBytes, is not entered in the command line).

- If [SIZE] is larger than or equal to the calculated space required:  
Save to Disk disk space allocated = [SIZE].
- If [SIZE] is smaller than the calculated space required:  
[SIZE] is ignored, no Save to Disk disk space is allocated, and an error message is displayed.

### /PARTITION or /P

PARTITION creates a hard disk partition where only save-to-disk data is stored.

#### Caution

Creating a save-to-disk partition will reformat the hard disk drive, erasing all data on the disk. You must back up your hard disk before using PHDISK to create a save-to-disk partition. To avoid reformatting your hard disk, use the /FILE parameter instead of the /PARTITION parameter.

**Note:** *The hard disk drive boot sector BIOS configuration option must be set to normal to create a save-to-disk partition.*

### /FILE or /F

The /FILE parameter creates a file in the hard disk's MS-DOS partition that is used to store only save-to-disk data. When a save-to-disk partition already exists, a file large enough to supplement the save-to-disk partition is created by default.

When the system and video memory outgrows the [SIZE] of the save-to-disk partition, the /FILE option can be used to re-allocate disk space. Using /FILE eliminates the user's need to create a new save-to-disk

partition, and also eliminates the time consuming task of backing up the entire hard disk drive before running PHDISK /CREATE /PARTITION.

If you want to use a save-to-disk file exclusively to store save-to-disk data, you must first delete any existing save-to-disk partition before creating a save-to-disk file.

### /CREATE Option Syntax

The syntax of the PHDISK /CREATE option is:

```
PHDISK /CREATE [SIZE][ /FILE][ /PARTITION]
```

Table 3-18 lists valid examples of the PHDISK /CREATE option.

*Table 3-18 PHDISK /CREATE Option*

Command	Description
PHDISK /CREATE /FILE (or PHDISK /C /F)	If no save-to-disk partition exists, PHDISK creates a save-to-disk file large enough for the current system configuration.  If a save-to-disk partition exists, PHDISK creates a save-to-disk file large enough to supplement the existing save-to-disk partition space. (The file created provides additional disk space required for save-to-disk operation.)
PHDISK /CREATE /PARTITION (or PHDISK /C /P)	Creates a save-to-disk partition using the amount of memory required as calculated by PHDISK.  <b>Caution</b>  Creating a save-to-disk partition will reformat the hard disk drive, erasing all data on the disk. You must back up your hard disk before using PHDISK to create a save-to-disk partition. To avoid reformatting your hard disk, use the /FILE parameter instead of the /PARTITION parameter.
PHDISK /CREATE 10240 /FILE (or PHDISK /C 10240 /F)	Creates a 10 MB save-to-disk file. The [SIZE] variable is 10240.

### REFORMAT Option

The /REFORMAT option resets the pointers in a save-to-disk partition. Use this option after a save-to-disk operation is terminated by a read or write error.

**Note:** Only save-to-disk partitions can be reformatted; save-to-disk files cannot. If a hard disk error occurs while writing to a save-to-disk file, use PHDISK /DELETE /FILE to delete the save-to-disk file. Then, use PHDISK /CREATE /FILE to create a new save-to-disk file.

## /REFORMAT Option Syntax

Table 3-19 lists an example of the PHDISK /REFORMAT option.

*Table 3-19 PHDISK /REFORMAT Option*

<b>Command</b>	<b>Description</b>
PHDISK /REFORMAT /PARTITION (or PHDISK /R /P)	Reformats the save-to-disk partition.

## DELETE Option

When DELETE is specified, the pointers and data in the specified save-to-disk partition or file are deleted. Use DELETE when bad data is displayed after a Resume From Disk operation.

### /DELETE Option Syntax

Table 3-20 lists valid examples of the PHDISK /DELETE option.

*Table 3-20 PHDISK /DELETE Option*

Command	Description
PHDISK /DELETE /FILE (or PHDISK /D /F)	Delete save-to-disk file.
PHDISK /DELETE /PARTITION (or PHDISK /D /P)	Deletes all data in the save-to-disk partition and renders disk space occupied by the save-to-disk partition unusable. (You must reformat the entire hard disk to use the hard disk space occupied by the deleted partition.)

## INFO Option

The /INFO option displays data about the save-to-disk partition or file.

### /INFO Option Syntax

Table 3-21 lists valid examples of the PHDISK /INFO option.

*Table 3-21 PHDISK /INFO Option*

Command	Description
PHDISK /INFO /FILE (or PHDISK /I /F)	Displays the size (in kilobytes) of the save-to-disk file size.
PHDISK /INFO /PARTITION (or PHDISK /I /P)	Displays the PHDISK /INFO screen.

An example of the /INFO screen when a save-to-disk partition exists is shown below:

```
PHDISK 3.2.10 -- Phoenix NoteBIOS 4.0 (TM) Save to Disk Preparation Utility
Copyright (c) Phoenix Technologies Ltd. 1995. All rights Reserved.
```

```
Save to Disk partition information:
```

```
Partition starts at sector xxxxx (head xx, cylinder xx, sector xx)
```

```
Partition size: xxxx KBytes total
```

```
Current System Status:
```

```
You currently need a Save to Disk area of xxxx KBytes. PhDisk will
also require additional overhead and will automatically calculate the
actual required space.
```

## Messages

PHDISK returns various informational messages, not all of which are listed here. The following listing emphasizes the error messages, including a possible course of action.

### PHDISK Sign-on Message

This message is displayed at system startup.

```
PHDISK X.X - Phoenix NoteBIOS 4.0 (tm) Save to Disk Preparation Utility
Copyright (c) Phoenix Technologies Ltd. 1995. All rights reserved.
```

### Help Screen

The HELP screen is displayed when PHDISK is called without options. The following text is displayed when a save-to-disk partition already exists.

```
Usage:PHDISK [options]
/CREATE      (/FILE or /PARTITION)  -- Create STD file or partition
/DELETE      (/FILE or /PARTITION)  -- Delete existing STD partition.
/INFO        -- Information on STD disk area(s)
/REFORMAT /PARTITION                -- Reformat existing STD partition
This utility configures a hard disk to utilize the Phoenix NoteBIOS 4.0
Save to Disk feature. Please refer to your user manual for information
regarding Save to Disk.
```

### Unrecognized Option

The following text is displayed when an invalid option is entered at the command line.

```
Error: (User option) is an unrecognized command line option.
For a command line summary, invoke PHDISK without any parameters.
```

Run the PHDISK command again in this case.

### Fatal Error

The following text is displayed when a hard disk error is detected during any save-to-disk operation.

```
Error: A fatal hard disk error has occurred.
Check your hardware configuration and re-execute PHDISK.
```

Run a hard disk utility to determine the source of the error, then re-execute the PHDISK command.

### Not Enough Disk Space

The following text is displayed when the amount of unused disk space available is less than the amount required to create the save-to-disk partition.

```
Error: Not enough free disk space exists to create the suspend to disk
partition. Refer to the user manual for possible suggestions on increasing
the amount of free disk space for the suspend to disk partition.
```

Delete unused files, backup the DOS partition, reformat the disk, then run PHDISK /CREATE /PARTITION to create a larger partition.

## Save to Disk Partition Exists

The following text is displayed when a PHDISK /CREATE /PARTITION operation is attempted while a save-to-disk partition exists.

```
Error:Phoenix NoteBIOS Save to Disk partition already exists. To resize the
partition, delete the existing partition with PHDISK/DELETE and create the
partition with PHDISK/CREATE.
```

Reallocate the save-to-disk partition if needed, or use the /CREATE /FILE option instead. (Note that a partition will require contiguous disk space.)

## Too Many Bad Sectors

The following text is displayed when the save-to-disk partition is too small because of an increasing number of bad sectors.

```
Error: Too many errors exist in the Phoenix NoteBIOS (tm) Save to Disk
partition. Check your hardware configuration and rerun PHDISK.
```

Execute PHDISK /CREATE /FILE to create a save-to-disk file.

## First Two Sectors Bad

The following text is displayed when the save-to-disk partition cannot be used.

```
Error: The first two sectors in the Save to Disk partition are both
unusable. This disk is unsuitable for the Phoenix NoteBIOS Save to Disk
feature.
```

Attempt to reformat the partition using PHDISK /REFORMAT /PARTITION. (You may need to first delete the partition using PHDISK /DELETE /PARTITION depending on the disk error.)

## PHDISK /CREATE Failed to Execute

The following text is displayed when no save-to-disk partition exists, or the partition table on head 0, cylinder 0, sector 1 is corrupted.

```
Error: The Phoenix NoteBIOS (tm) Save to Disk partition doesn't exist or the
hard disk partition table on head 0, cylinder 0, sector 1 is corrupted.
Invoke PHDISK/CREATE to create the Save to Disk partition.
```

Execute PHDISK /CREATE /PARTITION.

## Good Sector Map Corrupted

The following text is displayed when a save-to-disk partition exists but the GSM is corrupted.

```
Error: The "Good sector map" (GSM) in the Phoenix NoteBIOS Save to Disk
partition is bad. Invoke PHDISK /REFORMAT to rebuild this table.
```

Use PHDISK /REFORMAT /PARTITION to reset the GSM flags.



## Not Enough System Memory

The following text is displayed when not enough system memory is available to execute PHDISK.

```
Error: Couldn't allocate additional memory required to execute PHDISK.
```

Add more system memory, then try the PHDISK command again.

## File Already Exists

The following text is displayed when the PHDISK /CREATE /FILE command is entered when a save-to-disk file already exists.

```
PHDISK X.X -- Phoenix NoteBIOS 4.0 (tm) Save to Disk Preparation Utility  
Copyright (c) Phoenix Technologies Ltd. 1995. All rights reserved.
```

```
Save to Disk file information:
```

```
Your Save to Disk file is named C:\SAVE2DSK.BIN and has a size  
of xxxx KBytes. It has System, Hidden, and Read Only attributes.
```

```
The system will now be reset to allow the BIOS to  
recognize the changes. If the system fails to reboot,  
please reset the system manually.
```

```
Press any key to reset the system...
```

Delete the current file, using PHDISK /DELETE /FILE, before creating another save-to-disk file.



## Chapter 4

### Hardware Specifications

Specifications for the Stylistic LT pen tablet and mini-dock are given in this chapter.

#### General Specifications

General specifications for the pen tablet are given in Table 4-1.

*Table 4-1 Logic System Specifications*

Feature	Specification	Comments
Architecture	IBM-AT compatible	
Microprocessor	Intel 233 MHz Pentium processor	MMX technology
Cache	Level 1 (L1) cache: 32 KB Level 2 (L2) cache: 512 KB	L1 cache (internal CPU) is always enabled. L2 cache can be enabled/disabled in BIOS Setup.
ROM	512 KB	Flash ROM
RAM (built-in)	64 MB 3.3-Volt SDRAM	On system board
RAM (expansion)	None	
Video Controller	NM2160 (MagicGraph128XD) NeoMagic Corporation	VESA-compatible VGA controller with SVGA enhancements and Zoomed Video Port.
Video Memory	2.0 MB VRAM on VGA chip	High speed VRAM integrated in video controller.
I/O Controller	FDC37C769 Standard Microsystems Corporation	Controller for: serial port, parallel port, IrDA port, and floppy disk drive.
PC Card Controller	PCI1221 Texas Instruments	Controller is on PCI bus. Supports CardBus (PCI bridge) and PCIC protocols.
Audio Controller	ES1879S ESS Technology, Inc.	Full duplex 16-bit stereo digital audio. Full Plug and Play (PnP) capability. Zoomed Video Port (for audio channel processing of Zoomed Video). Sound Blaster Pro compatible. Windows Sound System compatible.

## Display Specifications

Specifications for the Stylistic LT pen tablet display are given in Table 4-2. The Stylistic LT pen tablet is available with one of two different displays. Note the display type for your system when referring to this table. Comments indicate which displays are best suited to particular environments and applications.

*Table 4-2 Display Specifications*

Feature	Specification	Comments
TFT Color LCD	8.4" diagonal 0.213 mm dot pitch 800 x 600 dot composition 256 K colors Brightness: 8 gradations Backlight: FL Tube x 1, lower side backlight Brightness: ~ 20 - 100 cd/m <sup>2</sup> Colors: 256 K Active Area: 170.38 x 127.78 Backlight Inverter: Input Voltage: ~7-17.6V Output Voltage: Min 1400Vrms, Typ 1500Vrms Power: Typ 4.10W, Max 4.53W	Best display choice for video playback and Zoomed Video applications. Good for text or graphics applications. Best choice for indoor lighting environments.
Color Transflective (CTF) LCD	8.4" diagonal 0.213 mm dot pitch 800 x 600 dot composition Aspect ratio 1:1 Contrast: 256 gradations 4 K colors Brightness: 8 gradations and off Active Area: 170.38 x 127.78 Backlight Inverter: Input Voltage: ~7-17.6V Output Voltage: ~0.5 - 3.1V Min 1400Vrms, Typ 1500Vrms Power: Typ 4.10W, Max 4.53W	Best suited for outdoor lighting environments. (Display is designed to reflect ambient light back at the user. Display will appear darker indoors.)  Best choice when pen tablet must be used both indoors and outdoors. When used indoors, the LCD backlight provides adequate display brightness. When used outdoors, the LCD can be used with reflected light only (the backlight may be needed in the shade).

## External Video Capabilities

The Stylistic LT pen tablet can drive an external video monitor using the video port on the optional mini-dock. You can select an external monitor, the pen tablet display screen, or both as the active video display. The pen tablet supports VGA, SVGA, and XGA video modes with external monitors. Screen resolutions supported for external video monitors are given in Table 4-3. For pin assignments on the video port connector, see "Video Port" on page 5-4.

*Table 4-3 Supported Video Modes for External Monitors*

Resolution	Colors
800x600 (SVGA)	Up to 16 M
1024x768* (XVGA)	Up to 64 K

\* The pen tablet display pans when using an external monitor at 1024x768 as the pen tablet display panel supports 800x600 resolution only.

Note that the display resolution is driver-dependent. You may need to obtain a driver from the manufacturer of your monitor to use it with the pen tablet.

## Digitizer Specifications

The Stylistic LT pen tablet uses a resistive digitizer. When the pen touches the screen, a conductive membrane contacts another conductive plane and determines the location of the pen. Table 4-4 shows the digitizer specifications.

**Note:** *The digitizer system is designed for use with the pen. Although you can use your fingernail in the same manner as a pen, the digitizer system is not intended to be used as a “touch screen”. Use of any tool other than the pen designed for this system may cause damage to the screen.*

Table 4-4 Digitizer Specifications

Feature	Specification	Comments
Surface	Non-glare	
Active Area	170.38 mm x 128.4 mm	Area of display screen that reacts with the pen.
Resolution	0.1 mm	
Sampling Rate	133 points per second	

## Peripheral Interface Specifications

Specifications for peripheral interfaces on the Stylistic LT pen tablet are given in Table 4-5. For specifications on peripheral interfaces provided by the mini-dock, see “Mini-Dock Specifications” later in this chapter. Also note that pin assignments and other details for peripheral interfaces on the Stylistic LT pen tablet are given in Chapter 5 of this manual.

Table 4-5 Peripheral Interface Specifications

Feature	Specification	Comments
PC Card Slots	Two stacked PC Card slots Compliant with PC Card Standard Rev. 3.0 Supports: CardBus Zoomed Video Port (slot 1 only) PCIC (PC Card I/O Cards)	System accepts: Two Type II or one Type III PC Cards
IDE Interface	Supports one IDE hard disk drive (2.5 inch)	IDE hard disk drive is preinstalled at factory, and is not field-replaceable.
Modem Port	RJ-11 connector for internal modem	Internal modem available as an option only in North America.
Universal Serial Bus	One USB Series A receptacle on pen tablet.	
IR Keyboard Port	An infrared receiver built into the pen tablet allows you to communicate with a wireless infrared keyboard. The keyboard infrared port works optimally between 10 to 30 cm (approximately 4 in. to 12 in.) from the keyboard infrared port, located on the bottom edge of the pen tablet. Ensure that there is a clear line-of-sight path between the infrared receiver on the pen tablet and the infrared transmitter on the keyboard.	The IR Keyboard Port is a proprietary port, and is not IrDA-compliant.

*Table 4-5 Peripheral Interface Specifications (Continued)*

<b>Feature</b>	<b>Specification</b>	<b>Comments</b>
IR I/O Port	An infrared transceiver built into the pen tablet allows you to communicate with other devices that are compliant with the IrDA Standard Revision 1.1. Effective range for infrared communication is about 3 feet, and within 15 degrees off of center. A clear line-of-sight path must exist between the IrDA port on the pen tablet and the IrDA transceiver on the other device.	
DC Power Input	16 VDC $\pm$ 10%, 2.7 A Connector vendor: Hosiden (Hosiden part number HEC3900-01-010) This connector is a EIAJ-RC5320A standard connector.	For use with FMWAC4A, FMWAC4B, and FMWAC4C AC adapters (AC adapter module CA01007-0520) or FMWCB2 auto adapter (CA01007-0360). External power can be connected to DC input connector on the pen tablet, mini-dock, or charge-only contacts.
Audio Jacks	Monaural microphone input mini jack Stereo headphone output mini jack	Standard 3.5 mm mini jacks. See “Audio Jacks” on page 5-14 for details on audio inputs and outputs.
Mini-Dock Interface Port	100-pin connector Connector part numbers: Connector on pen tablet: KX20-100R-F2ST-A1 Connector on mini-dock: KX20-100B-F2ST-A	For use with Stylistic LT mini-dock.
Charging Contacts	The two charge-only contacts are used when the pen tablet is installed in either the optional mini-dock or charge-only dock.	See Table 5-3 for signal assignments of the charge-only contacts.

## Power System Specifications

Specifications for the Stylistic LT pen tablet power system are given in Table 4-6. The power system and power management characteristics are further described in Chapter 6 of this manual.

*Table 4-6 Power System Specifications*

Feature	Specification	Comments
Power Management Specifications Supported	APM Specification Revision 1.2 ACPI Specification Revision 1.0	ACPI and APM support can be configured in BIOS Setup. Chapter 6 of this manual describes system power management in detail.
Battery Packs	<p><b>Rechargeable 3-cell lithium ion battery pack:</b> Capacity: 1300 mAh Nominal operating voltage: 10.8 V Charge time (in suspend or off mode): 2 – 4 hours Charge time (system running): 4 to 6 hours Battery life: TFT Display: 1 to 2 hours CTF Display: 1 to 2 hours</p> <p><b>Rechargeable 6-cell lithium ion battery pack:</b> Capacity: 2600 mAh Nominal operating voltage: 10.8 V Charge time (in suspend or off mode): 3 to 6 hours Charge time (system running): 8 to 12 hours Battery life: TFT Display: 2 to 4 hours CTF Display : 2 to 4 hours</p>	<p>Charge times are for a 0% charged battery pack charging in pen tablet (not in and external battery charger).</p> <p>In suspend mode, battery pack is charged in slow charge or “trickle charge” mode for 60 minutes after 100% charge is reached. Note that the Charging icon is not displayed in the Status display during slow charge mode.</p> <p>Battery life values are approximate.</p>
Bridge Battery	None	
Sub Battery	Lithium battery (built in) 3.0 V, 265 mAh	Provides real time clock power backup. Approximate battery life is 5 years. (Not field replaceable.)
AC Adapter	FMWAC4A, FMWAC4B, and FMWAC4C: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Input: 100-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz</li> <li>Output: 16 VDC <math>\pm</math>10%, 2.7 A</li> </ul>	AC adapters approved for use with Stylistic LT include: FMWAC4A, FMWAC4B, FMWAC4C

## Environmental Specifications

Environmental specifications for the Stylistic LT pen tablet are given in Table 4-7.

*Table 4-7 Environmental Specifications*

Feature	Specification
Temperature	Operating: 0° to 40°C (32° to 104°F) Nonoperating: -20° to 60°C (-4° to 140°F)
Humidity	Operating: 20% to 85% RH noncondensing Nonoperating: 8% to 95% RH noncondensing
Altitude	Operating: -200 ft. to 10,000 ft. (-61 m to 3,047 m) Nonoperating: 40,000 ft. maximum (12,189 m)

## Physical Specifications

Physical specifications for the Stylistic LT pen tablet are given in Table 4-8.

*Table 4-8 Stylistic LT Pen Tablet Specifications*

Feature	Specification
Pen Tablet Dimensions	9.5 x 6.24 x 1.1 in (W244 x D160 x H28 mm)
Pen Tablet Weight (with battery pack)	With 3-cell battery: 2.42 lb. (1090 g) With 6-cell battery: 2.7 lb. (1240 g)

## Agency Approval Specifications

Specifications for government agency approvals are given in Table 4-9.

*Table 4-9 Agency Approval Specifications*

Feature	Specification
Emissions	FCC Part 15 Subpart J Class B CISPR 22 Class B
Immunity	EN61000-4-2 (ESD Level 2) ENV50140 (Radiated RF Field Level 2) CN61000-4-4 (EFT Level 2)
Safety	UL1950, CSA950, CSA601, IEC601

See Table 4-10 for communications agency approvals for systems equipped with an internal modem. See also Appendix C for more information on agency notices.



## Internal Modem Specifications

The optional internal modem connects to the system's PCI bus. Specifications for the internal modem are given in Table 4-10. The internal modem is built in and is not field replaceable. The internal modem is an option only in systems distributed in the United States and Canada.

*Table 4-10 Internal Modem Specifications*

Feature		Specification
Modem	Data rate	56 Kbps
	Protocols	ITU-T V.90 ITU-T V.34 ITU-T V.32bis ITU-T V.32 ITU-T V.22bis
	Standards	Hayes AT command set ITU-T V.42 ITU-T V.42bis
	Compression method	V.42bis data compression MNP CLASS 5 data compression
	Error correction	V.42 automatic correction MNP CLASS 4
Fax	Standard	EIA/TIA 578 (Class 1)
	Protocol	G3 facsimile standard: ITU-T T.30
	Capability	ITU-T V.17 ITU-T V.29 ITU-T V.27ter ITU-T V.21 ch2
Bus Connection		PCI
Size		34 x 48 mm
Agency compliance	United States	Complies with Part 68 of the FCC rules.
	Canada	Meets Canadian Department of Communications (DOC) telecommunications network protective, operational, and safety requirements.

## Internal LAN Module Specifications

Specifications for the optional internal LAN are given in Table 4-11. The internal modem is built in and is not field replaceable.

**Note:** *Although the LAN circuitry is contained in the core unit when a LAN is installed, there is no RJ-45 connector on the system. The LAN signal passes through the system interface connector to the mini-dock. There is an RJ-45 connector on the mini-dock for connecting the system to a standard Ethernet network.*

Table 4-11 Internal LAN Specifications

Item	Specification
LAN Controller	DS21143-TD
EEPROM	1KB or 4KB
Inside Interface	PCI
Standard	IEEE802.3U (100BaseTX)
Size	48 x 31 x 6.8 mm (1.87 x 1.2 x 0.27 in)
Channels	1
Input Voltage	3.3V
Power Consumption	~400 mA (max)

## Mini-Dock Specifications

Specifications for interfaces on the Stylistic LT mini-dock are given in Table 4-12. Note that these interfaces duplicate corresponding ports on the pen tablet. Do not use ports on the pen tablet when using the mini-dock. For details on peripheral interfaces provided by the mini-dock, refer to Chapter 5 of this manual.

Table 4-12 Stylistic LT Mini-Dock Specifications

Feature	Specification	Comments
DC power input	+ tip / - sleeve 16 VDC $\pm$ 10%, 2.7 A	
Keyboard Port	6-pin PS/2-style	Supports most PS/2-style keyboards and mouse devices.  <b>Note:</b> <i>The Stylistic LT does not work with Keyboard FMWKB1A.</i>
Mouse Port	6-pin PS/2-style	
Video Port	Standard 15-pin video connector	System supports simultaneous operation of external monitor with LCD.
Serial Port	Male 9-pin D connector. NS 16C550 compatible, fully functional RS-232C serial port.	Duplicates serial port on pen tablet.
Floppy Disk Drive Port	26-pin connector for use with Fujitsu FMWFD2 floppy disk drive.	
LAN Port	RJ-45 connector located on the mini-dock. 100BaseTX port for the optional internal LAN.	No LAN port available on Stylistic LT system.
Parallel Port	25-pin D connector, female	Output only, bidirectional, and ECP operational modes are supported.



## Chapter 5

### Peripheral Interfaces

Details on peripheral interfaces on the Stylistic LT pen tablet and the optional Stylistic LT mini-dock and charge-only cradle are described in this chapter. The Stylistic LT pen tablet, mini-dock, and charge-only cradle provide the following peripheral interfaces:

*Table 5-1 Stylistic LT Interface Locations*

Peripheral Interface	Pen Tablet	Mini-dock	Charge-Only Cradle
DC Input Connector	Yes	Yes	No
Infrared I/O Port	Yes	No	No
Parallel Port	No	Yes	No
Serial Port	No	Yes	No
PS/2-style Mouse Port	No	Yes	No
PS/2-style Keyboard Port	No	Yes	No
Floppy Disk Drive Port	No	Yes	No
Video Port	No	Yes	No
Infrared Keyboard Port	Yes	No	No
Universal Serial Bus	Yes	No	No
RJ-11 Modem Jack (optional in North America only)	Yes	No	No
LAN Jack (the internal LAN is optional)	No	Yes	No
Stereo Headphone Jack	Yes	No	No
Stereo Microphone Jack	Yes	No	No
System Interface Port	Yes	Yes	No
Charge-Only Contacts	Yes	Yes	Yes
PC Card Sockets	Yes	No	No

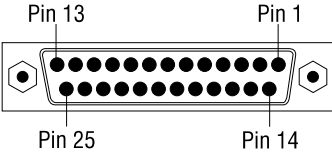
\* Note that the system interface port (also referred to as the mini-dock connector in some documentation) allows you to connect the Stylistic LT mini-dock.

Pin assignments for peripheral interfaces are given in the following sections.

## Parallel Port

The parallel port connector is a 25-pin female D connector located on the Stylistic LT mini-dock. This connector provides a fully functional, ECP-compatible parallel port. Pin assignments, signal direction, and signal names are shown in Table 5-2.

Table 5-2 Parallel Port Connector Pin Assignments

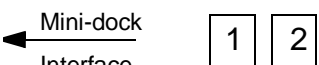
Connector Pin Locations	Pin	Host↔ I/O	Signal
	1	→	Strobe# (STB#)
	2	←	Data bit 0 (PD0)
	3	↔	Data bit 1 (PD1)
	4	↔	Data bit 2 (PD2)
	5	↔	Data bit 3 (PD3)
	6	↔	Data bit 4 (PD4)
	7	↔	Data bit 5 (PD5)
	8	↔	Data bit 6 (PD6)
	9	↔	Data bit 7 (PD7)
	10	←	Acknowledge# (ACK#)
	11	←	Busy (BUSY)
	12	←	Paper out (PE)
	13	←	Select (SLCT)
	14	→	Auto feed# (AUTOFD#)
	15	←	Error# (ERROR#)
	16	→	Initialize# (INIT#)
	17	→	Select input# (SLIN#)
	18 – 25	----	Ground (GND)

# Indicates active-low signal.

## Charge-only Contacts

The charge-only contacts on the Stylistic LT pen tablet provide signals for the keyboard, mouse, and DC power inputs. Signal assignments for the metal contacts are shown in Table 5-3.

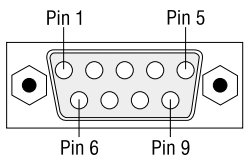
Table 5-3 Metal Contacts

Connector Position Locations	Position	Signal	Description
	1	GND	Ground
	2	+16V	DC Power Input: 16 VDC, 2.7 A

## Serial Port

The Stylistic LT mini-dock is equipped with a fully functional RS-232-C serial port (serial port A). Pin assignments for the serial port connectors are shown in Table 5-4.

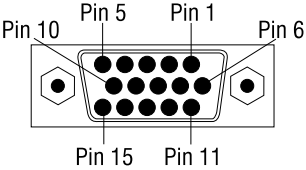
Table 5-4 Serial Port Connector Pin Assignments

Connector Pin Locations	Pin	Host ↔ I/O	Signal
	1	→	Carrier detect (CD)
	2	←	Receive data (RxD)
	3	→	Transmit data (TxD)
	4	→	Data terminal ready (DTR)
	5	----	Ground (GND)
	6	←	Data set ready (DSR)
	7	→	Request to send (RTS)
	8	←	Clear to send (CTS)
	9	←	Ring indicator (RI)

## Video Port

The video port provides a standard VGA connector that allows you to use the pen tablet with an external monitor. Pin assignments for the video port connector are shown in Table 5-5.

*Table 5-5 Video Port Connector Pin Assignments*

Connector Pin Locations	Pin	Host ↔ I/O	Signal
	1	→	Red analog video output (RED)
	2	→	Green analog video output (GREEN)
	3	→	Blue analog video output (BLUE)
	4	----	Not used
	5 – 8	----	Ground (GND)
	9	----	DDC Vcc (DDCVCC)
	10	----	Ground (GND)
	11	----	Not used
	12	↔	DDC data (DDCDATA)
	13	→	Horizontal sync (HSYNC)
	14	→	Vertical sync (VSYNC)
	15	↔	DDC clock (DDCCLK)



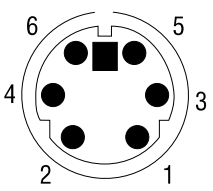
## Keyboard/Mouse Ports

The keyboard/mouse ports on the mini-dock can be used with most PS/2-style keyboard and mouse devices. The system determines whether a keyboard or mouse is connected automatically and activates the appropriate signals on the port as shown in Table 5-6.

**Note:** *This port is compatible with most PS/2-style keyboards. Conventional PS/2-style keyboards are powered by 5 volts on pin 4.*

Pin assignments for the keyboard/mouse port on the pen tablet are shown in Table 5-6.

Table 5-6 Keyboard/Mouse Port Connector Pin Assignments

Connector Pin Locations	Pin	Signal (Keyboard)	Signal (Mouse)
	1	KDATA (Keyboard Data)	MDATA (Mouse Data)
	2	No connection	No connection
	3	Ground	Ground
	4	+5-Volt power, 150 mA	+5-Volt power, 150 mA
	5	KCLK (Keyboard Clock)	MCLK (Mouse Clock)
	6	No connection	No connection
	Sleeve	Ground	Ground

## DC Power Input

The DC power input connector connects to the AC adapter or auto adapter to power the pen tablet. The DC power input connector is a two-conductor connector with a center pin and sleeve. Pin assignments for this connector are given in Table 5-7.

Table 5-7 DC Power Input Connector Pin Assignments

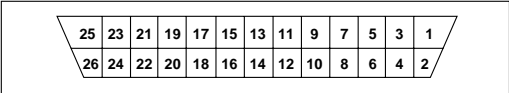
Conductor	Description	Comments
Center Pin	16 Volts DC $\pm 10\%$ , 2.7 A	This connector is a EIAJ-RC5320A standard connector. See “DC Power Inputs” on page 6-2 for more details.
Sleeve	Ground	

When a DC power source is connected to the DC power input on the pen tablet, circuitry built into the pen tablet provides protection against reverse polarity and overvoltage.

## Floppy Disk Drive Port

The floppy disk drive port on the Stylistic LT mini-dock is compatible with the Fujitsu FMWFD2 floppy disk drive. Pin assignments for the floppy disk drive connector are given in Table 5-8.

*Table 5-8 Floppy Disk Drive Connector Pin Assignments*

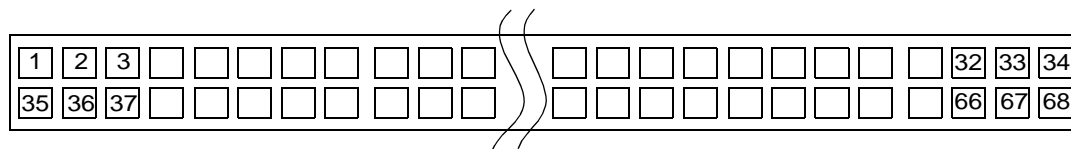
Connector Pin Locations	Pin	Signal Description (Name)
	1	Ground (GND)
	2	Ground (GND)
	3	Head select (HDSSEL#)
	4	Read disk data (RDAT#)
	5	Floppy disk drive attached (FDATCH#)
	6	Write data (WDAT#)
	7	Mode select (MODE#)
	8	No connection
	9	Drive select (DRVSEL#)
	10	5-Volt power (5VMAIN)
	11	5-Volt power (5VMAIN)
	12	5-Volt power (5VMAIN)
	13	Index (INDEX#)
	14	Write protected (WP#)
	15	Track 00 (TRK0#)
	16	Ground (GND)
	17	Write gate (WGATE#)
	18	Ground (GND)
	19	No connection
	20	Step pulse (STEP#)
	21	Direction control (DIR)
	22	Motor on (MOTOR#)
	23	No connection
	24	Disk change (DSKCHG#)
	25	GND
	26	No connection

# Indicates active-low signal.

## PC Card Interface

The PC Card interface connectors allow you to connect PC Cards to the pen tablet. The PC Card interface connector is a 68-pin connector. Pin assignments for this connector are given in Table 5-9.

Table 5-9 PC Card Interface Connector Pin Assignments



Pin	16-bit PC Card Interface		CardBus	Pin	16-bit PC Card Interface		CardBus
	Memory-Only	I/O & Memory			Memory-Only	I/O & Memory	
1	GND	GND	GND	35	GND	GND	GND
2	D3	D3	CAD0	36	CD1#	CD1#	CCD1#
3	D4	D4	CAD1	37	D11	D11	CAD2
4	D5	D5	CAD3	38	D12	D12	CAD4
5	D6	D6	CAD5	39	D13	D13	CAD6
6	D7	D7	CAD7	40	D14	D14	RFU
7	CE1#	CE1#	CCBE0#	41	D15	D15	CAD8
8	A10	A10	CAD9	42	CE2#	CE2#	CAD10
9	OE#	OE#	CAD11	43	VS1#	VS1#	CVS1
10	A11	A11	CAD12	44	RUF	IORD#	CAD13
11	A9	A9	CAD14	45	RFU	IOWR#	CAD15
12	A8	A8	CCBE1#	46	A17	A17	CAD16
13	A13	A13	CPAR	47	A18	A18	RFU
14	A14	A14	CPERR#	48	A19	A19	CBLOCK#
15	WE#	WE#	CGNT#	49	A20	A20	CSTOP#
16	READY	IREQ#	CINT#	50	A21	A21	CDEVSEL#
17	Vcc	Vcc	Vcc	51	Vcc	Vcc	Vcc
18	Vpp1(+5V)	Vpp1(+5V)	Vpp(+5V)	52	Vpp1(+5V)	Vpp1(+5V)	Vpp(+5V)
19	A16	A16	CCLK	53	A22	A22	CTRDY#
20	A15	A15	CIRDY#	54	A23	A23	CFRAME#
21	A12	A12	CCBE2#	55	A24	A24	CAD17
22	A7	A7	CAD18	56	A25	A25	CAD19
23	A6	A6	CAD20	57	VS2#	VS2#	CVS2
24	A5	A5	CAD21	58	RESET	RESET	CRST#
25	A4	A4	CAD22	59	WAIT#	WAIT#	CSERR#
26	A3	A3	CAD23	60	RFU	INPACK#	CREQ#
27	A2	A2	CAD24	61	REG#	REG#	CCBE3#
28	A1	A1	CAD25	62	BVD2	SPKR#	CAUDIO
29	A0	A0	CAD26	63	BVD1	STSCHG#	CSTSCHG
30	D0	D0	CAD27	64	D8	D8	CAD28
31	D1	D1	CAD29	65	D9	D9	CAD30
32	D2	D2	RFU	66	D10	D10	CAD31
33	WP	IOIS16#	CCLKRUN#	67	CD2#	CD2#	CCD2#
34	GND	GND	GND	68	GND	GND	GND

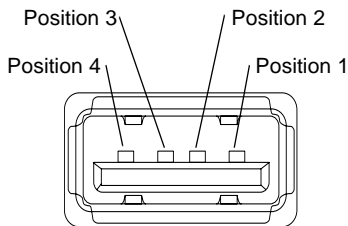
# Indicates active-low signal.

# Universal Serial Bus Port

The pen tablet provides a Universal Serial Bus (USB) port that is compliant with the *Universal Serial Bus Specification Revision 1.0*. The USB port is a powered USB hub and can support concurrent operation of up to 127 devices. The Stylistic LT pen tablet functions as a USB host and supports high-power, bus-powered functions as defined in the USB specification. System resources for the USB are assigned by the operating system, so no software configuration is necessary; however, it may be necessary to install drivers and application software to support your USB device.

The pen tablet can supply a maximum of 500 mA at 5 volts (or a 5-unit load as defined by the USB specification) on the USB connector. Ensure that your USB configuration does not exceed this maximum load. Note that the conductor gauge and length of your USB cabling will affect the voltage drop and signal propagation between USB devices. Refer to the *Universal Serial Bus Specification* for details on cable requirements or contact your cable vendor. Also note that some USB devices are self-powered and do not draw power over the USB cable. Contact pin assignments for the USB port are shown in Table 5-10.

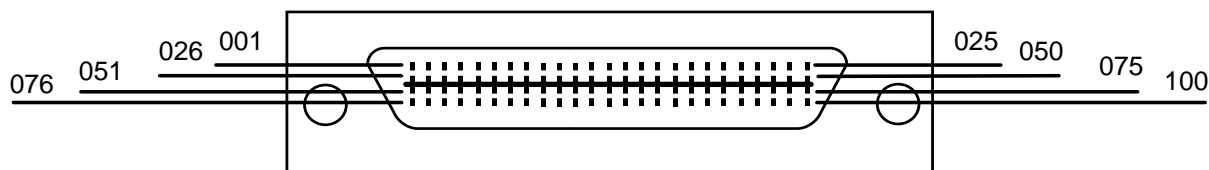
Table 5-10 Universal Serial Bus Port Contact Pin Assignments

Contact Pin Locations	Contact Number	Signal Name	Comments
	1	5V	Cable power (+ 5 volts DC)
	2	DATA -	Data
	3	DATA +	Data
	4	GND	Cable ground

## System Interface Port

The system interface port on the Stylistic LT pen tablet allows you to attach the Stylistic LT mini-dock. The system interface port is a 100-pin connector. Figure 5-1 shows the pin locations for the system interface port connector on the pen tablet.

Figure 5-1 System Interface Port Connector (On Pen Tablet)



The pin assignments for the system interface port connector on the pen tablet are given in Table 5-11. Signals designated with the “pound” (#) symbol are active low.

- Note:**
- Signal names listed in the second column of this table are not industry standard signal names. They are provided to assist in cross-referencing these signal names when they appear elsewhere.
  - Signals provided on the system interface port duplicate signals for connectors on the pen tablet. Do not use peripheral connectors on the pen tablet when using corresponding interfaces on the system interface port.

The mini-dock connector is not a “hot pluggable” connector. You must shut down or suspend the pen tablet before connecting the mini-dock. The system interface port is disabled (all signals de-asserted) when system operation is suspended.

Table 5-11 System Interface Port Connector Pin Assignments

Pin	Signal	Description	Input/Output (to/from system)
001	LANTX+	LAN transmit signal	IN
002	LANTX-	LAN transmit signal	IN
003	GND	Ground	POWER
004	GND	Ground	POWER
005	GND	Ground	POWER
006	GND	Ground	POWER
007	5VMAIN	5-volts	POWER
008	5VMAIN	5-volts	POWER
009	5VMAIN	5-volts	POWER
010	5VSUS	5-volts for suspend	POWER
011	5V669	5-volts for parallel port	POWER
012	FDIR#	FDD direction signal	IN
013	----	No connection	---

Table 5-11 System Interface Port Connector Pin Assignments (Continued)

Pin	Signal	Description	Input/Output (to/from system)
014	FMOTOR#	FDD motor on signal	IN
015	12V	12-volts for KBC update	OUT
016	KBWACT	Signal for KBC update	IN
017	----	No connection	---
018	GND	Ground	POWER
019	VGAGND	VGA ground	POWER
020	VGAB	VGA blue signal	IN
021	VGAGND	VGA ground	POWER
022	VGAG	VGA green signal	IN
023	VGAGND	VGA ground	POWER
024	VGAR	VGA red signal	IN
025	VGAGND	VGA ground	POWER
026	LANRX+	LAN receive signal	OUT
027	LANRX-	LAN receive signal	OUT
028	GND	Ground	POWER
029	GND	Ground	POWER
030	PRATCH#	Mini-dock (port replicator) distinguished signal	OUT
031	FRDDT#	FDD read signal	OUT
032	FSIDE#	FDD side select signal	IN
033	FATCH#	FDD....signal	IN
034	FWD#	FDD write data signal	IN
035	FINDEX#	FDD index signal	OUT
036	FMODE#	FDD mode signal	IN
037	FWP#	FDD write protect signal	OUT
038	FDSEL#	FDD drive select signal	IN
039	FTRK0#	FDD track signal	OUT
040	FWG#	FDD write gate signal	IN
041	FDVHG#	FDD disk change signal	OUT
042	FSTEP#	FDD step signal	IN
043	VGAGND	VGA ground	POWER
044	VGAGND	VGA ground	POWER
045	HSYNC	VGA horizontal signal	IN

*Table 5-11 System Interface Port Connector Pin Assignments (Continued)*

<b>Pin</b>	<b>Signal</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Input/Output (to/from system)</b>
046	DDCCLK	CRT DDC clock signal	IN/OUT
047	VSYNC	VGA vertical signal	IN
048	DDCDATA	CRT DDC data signal	IN/OUT
049	VGAGND	VGA ground	POWER
050	VGAGND	VGA ground	POWER
051	----	No connection	---
052	GND	Ground	POWER
053	GND	Ground	POWER
054	PRD7	Parallel data signal	IN/OUT
055	GND	Ground	POWER
056	PRD6	Parallel data signal	IN/OUT
057	GND	Ground	POWER
058	PRD5	Parallel data signal	IN/OUT
059	GND	Ground	POWER
060	PRD4	Parallel data signal	IN/OUT
061	GND	Ground	POWER
062	PRD3	Parallel data signal	IN/OUT
063	GND	Ground	POWER
064	PRD2	Parallel data signal	IN/OUT
065	GND	Ground	POWER
066	PRD1	Parallel data signal	IN/OUT
067	GND	Ground	POWER
068	PRD0	Parallel data signal	IN/OUT
069	KCLOCK	KB clock signal	IN/OUT
070	KDATA	KB signal data	IN/OUT
071	MDATA	Mouse data signal	IN/OUT
072	MCLOCK	Mouse clock signal	IN/OUT
073	KSW	KB distinguished signal	OUT
074	GND	Ground	POWER
075	----	No connection	---
076	GND	Ground	POWER
077	GND	Ground	POWER
078	PPERR#	Parallel error signal	OUT

*Table 5-11 System Interface Port Connector Pin Assignments (Continued)*

<b>Pin</b>	<b>Signal</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Input/Output (to/from system)</b>
079	PSTB#	Parallel strobe signal	IN
080	PACK#	Parallel response signal	OUT
081	PAFD#	Parallel auto feed signal	IN
082	PSLIN#	Parallel select signal	IN
083	PINIT#	Parallel initial signal	IN
084	PBUSY	Parallel busy signal	OUT
085	PSLCT#	Parallel select signal	OUT
086	PPE	Parallel paper empty signal	OUT
087	GND	Ground	POWER
088	CTSA	Serial CS signal	OUT
089	GND	Ground	POWER
090	DSRA	Serial ER signal	IN
091	SOUT1	Serial SD signal	IN
092	SINA#	Serial RD signal	OUT
093	RTS1#	Serial RS signal	IN
094	DCDA	Serial DCD signal	IN
095	DTR1#	Serial DR signal	OUT
096	RIA	Serial ring signal	OUT
097	GND	Ground	POWER
098	GND	Ground	POWER
099	GND	Ground	POWER
100	GND	Ground	POWER



## IrDA I/O Port

The IrDA I/O port on the Stylistic LT pen tablet is compliant with the Infrared Data Association (IrDA) Standard Revision 1.1. Specifications for the IrDA port on the pen tablet are given in Table 5-12. Before you can use the IrDA port, the Serial Port B Device BIOS option must be set to IrDA or FIR. See “Integrated Peripherals Submenu Options” on page 3-7 for details on BIOS options for the IrDA port.

*Table 5-12 IrDA Port Specifications*

Feature	Specification
Standard supported	IrDA Standard Revision 1.1
Distance	Up to 1 meter point to point (environmental conditions affect usable range)
Conveyable wave	Infrared rays (wavelength peak 875 nm)
Signal	Send data (transmission) / Receive data (reception)
Modulation/Data Rate	IrDA SIR: 9.6 - 115.2 Kbps IrDA FIR: 4 Mbps
Angle	0° to 15° from center of beam (30° viewing angle)

## IR Keyboard Port

Feature	Specification
Transmit Format	IR transmit (Fujitsu Takamizawa proprietary); one direction serial
Modulation Frequency	455MHz
Transmit Method	Pulse Position Modulation (PPM)
Distance	50 mm - 1 m point to point (environmental conditions may affect usable range)
Signal	Send data (transmission)
Viewing Angle	From center of beam: Right direction: 30° Left direction: 10° Upper direction: 43° Lower direction: 2°

## Audio Jacks

All audio jacks on the Stylistic LT pen tablet and Stylistic LT mini-dock are mini jacks. The microphone jack is mono; the headphone jack is stereo. Some audio functions on the pen tablet are disabled when audio jacks are used. Table 5-13 shows which audio outputs are disabled when outputs on the pen tablet and mini-dock are used.

*Table 5-13 Active Audio Outputs*

Output Activity	Pen Tablet	
	Speaker (built-in)	Headphone Jack
Speaker On (speaker built into pen tablet)	Enabled	Plug not inserted
Pen tablet Headphone jack used (external headphone connected)	Disabled	Enabled

## Chapter 6

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### System Power

This chapter covers the Stylistic LT pen tablet's system power hardware, power management states, and state transitions.

#### System Power Hardware

The Stylistic LT pen tablet uses components designed for low power consumption in mobile applications. DC power, whether supplied by the battery pack or an external source, is regulated to different voltage levels required to power various components in the system.

#### Battery Pack

When the system is not connected to external power, system power is provided by the battery pack. When an external DC power source is connected to the pen tablet, the battery pack is charged and the system is powered by the external source.

The battery pack can be removed from the pen tablet and charged in an external charger. When removing the battery pack, **be sure the system is first suspended-to-disk or attached to DC power**; failure to do so could result in loss of data.

The pen tablet is equipped with a microcontroller, called the power management microcontroller unit (PMU), which is dedicated to managing battery pack power. The battery pack charge is monitored by the PMU. The PMU determines the percent of charge remaining in the battery pack and supplies battery status information to the system through a dedicated interface.

A low voltage level detect circuit (independent of the PMU) measures the battery pack voltage level to determine whether the battery pack voltage has dropped to the critically low level (the critically low voltage varies depending on total current draw). When the system is running and the critically low voltage level is reached, the circuit forces the system into Suspend mode and the Power icon indicates the critically low condition.

When the system is forced into Suspend mode by a critically low battery, the system is powered by the remaining charge in the battery pack. In this mode, the Suspend/Resume button is disabled and system operation cannot be resumed until either an external DC power source is connected or a battery pack with adequate charge is installed. See "Battery Charge Level and Power Management" on page 6-10 for details on system activity for different battery charge levels.

## DC Power Inputs

External DC power can be connected at two locations on the pen tablet:

- DC power connector on the pen tablet
- DC input positions of the charge-only contacts

A DC power source connected to any of these inputs must provide 2.7 amps at a continuous DC voltage of 16 volts  $\pm 10\%$ . Specifications for the DC input connectors on the pen tablet and port replicator are given below.

*Table 6-1 DC Input Connectors*

Connector type	EIAJ RC-5320A Type 5
Connector vendor	Hosiden
Vendor part number*	HEC3900-01-010
Pin assignments	Center conductor: +16 VDC $\pm 10\%$ Sleeve: ground

\* This is the part number for the female DC input connector on the pen tablet and the port replicator.

## Power Management

System behavior that affects power management is described in this section. Your system can be configured a number of different ways resulting in higher or lower power savings. More conservative power savings settings are recommended to maximize battery life and decrease internal temperatures of the pen tablet.

The Stylistic LT pen tablet BIOS and system hardware are compliant with the following power specifications:

- Advanced Power Management (APM) BIOS Interface Specification Revision 1.2
- Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) Specification Revision 1.0

**Note:** *This section describes power management features as they are controlled and configured primarily by the BIOS and BIOS settings. The APM and ACPI specifications allow for additional control over power management features such as state transitions and device timeouts. Refer to the APM and ACPI specifications and the documentation for your operating system regarding power management for details on APM and ACPI features.*

## Power States and State Transitions

The system manages power consumption by performing transitions between system power states, or modes. State transitions can be triggered by timeouts configured in the BIOS, and other types of system activity. Figure 6-1 shows system power states, transition paths and some typical events that trigger a transition from one state to the next. You can configure the pen tablet to utilize some or all of these states by setting power management options in the BIOS. Table 6-2 describes each power state. These states, and BIOS options that affect them, are also described in further detail in “Power Management States and BIOS Configuration Options” on page 6-5.

Figure 6-1 Power Management State Transitions

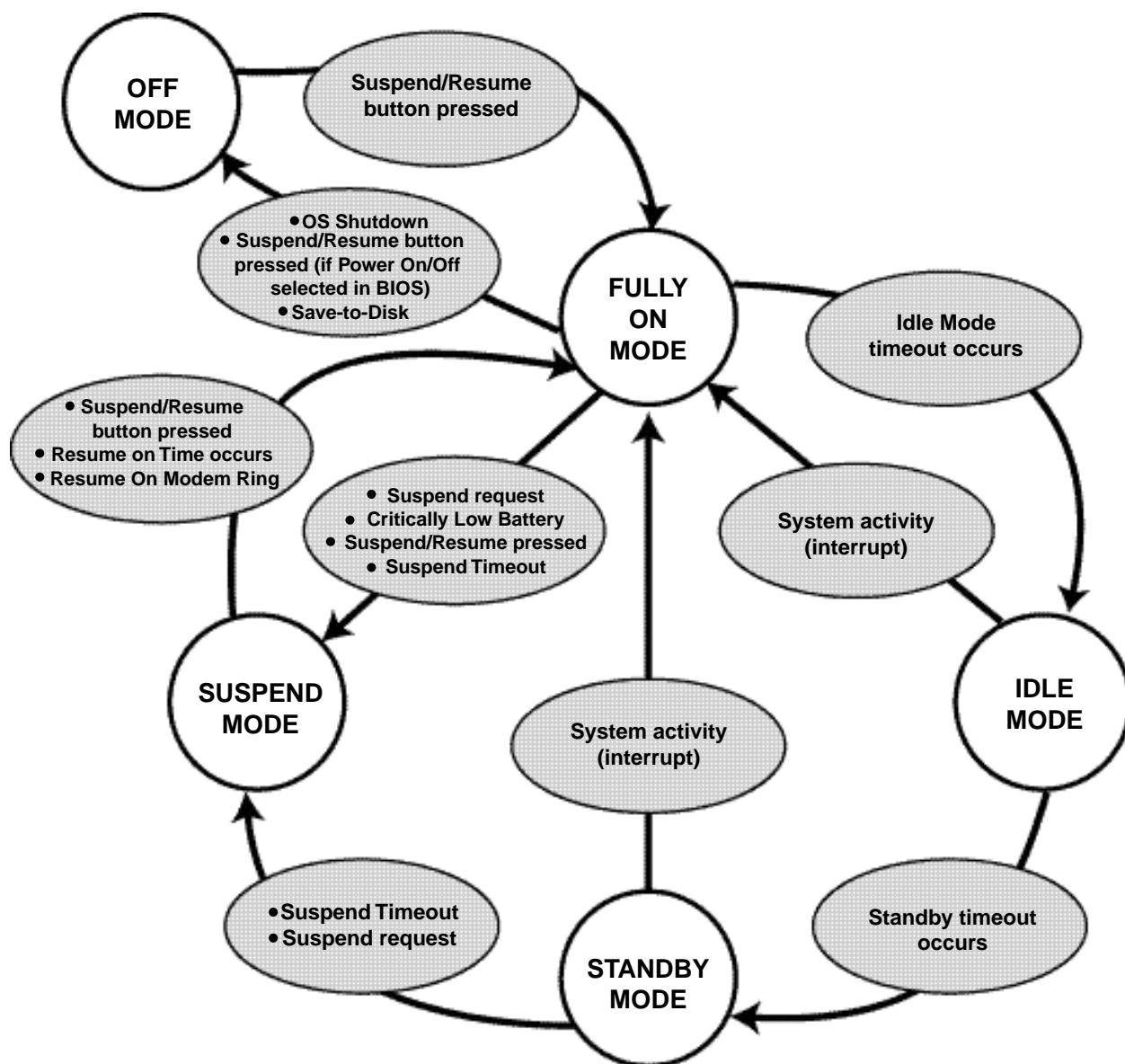


Table 6-2 describes system activity for each system power state and describes events that cause the system to enter each state. System power states are listed here in decreasing order from higher to lower power usage. The system can be configured to use some, all, or a combination of these system power states. These states are described in more detail later in this chapter, see “Power Management States and BIOS Configuration Options” on page 6-5. Also note that timeouts, such as the suspend timeout and hard disk drive spin-down timeout can be configured separately in the BIOS or controlled by system or application software through APM or ACPI.

*Table 6-2 System Power States*

System State	System Activity	Events Causing System to Enter State
Fully On Mode	System is running. CPU, system bus, and all other active interfaces operate at full speed.	From Standby or Idle mode: user activity detected. From Off mode: system started. From Suspend-to-RAM mode: system operation resumed (Suspend/Resume button pressed, resume on modem ring, resume on time).
Idle Mode	CPU speed reduced to the speed selected for the Idle Mode CPU Speed BIOS option.  See “Idle Mode” on page 6-5 and “APM CPU Idle Mode” on page 6-8 for more details on Idle mode.	Idle mode timeout occurs. (No system activity for 1/2 second.)  Note: The low battery warning condition (less than 12% charge) will force the system to use Idle mode. Low battery warning (audible beep) is heard if Audio is enabled in the BIOS.
Standby Mode	CPU enters stop-grant state (CPU stopped). Hard disk drive enters standby state (spun down). Display and backlight are turned off.	Standby timeout occurs.
Suspend-to-RAM Mode*	Resume system logic remains powered (Suspend/Resume button circuitry) and RAM remains powered to maintain active data. All other devices are powered off.	Suspend timeout occurs.  Suspend request (issued by software or Suspend/Resume button pressed).  Critically low battery. Note that a critically low battery forces system into Suspend-to-RAM mode regardless of the Suspend Mode setting in the BIOS.
Suspend-to-Disk Mode*	Active system data is saved to the hard disk drive. (Data is saved to a partition or file depending on save to disk configuration.) System is fully powered off except for logic components required for Suspend/Resume button operation.	Suspend timeout occurs.  Suspend request (issued by software or Suspend/Resume button pressed).  Suspend-to-Disk mode can be entered either by pressing the Suspend/Resume button (if so configured in BIOS) or by pressing the Suspend-to-Disk hotpad which will always do a Suspend-to-Disk.
Off Mode	System is fully powered off except for logic components required for Suspend/Resume button and real-time clock operation.	System shutdown. Suspend/Resume button pressed (if configured as Power On/Off button in BIOS).

\* The system can be configured to use Suspend-to-RAM mode or Suspend-to-Disk mode. See “Power Savings Menu Options” on page 3-13 for more information. If Suspend-to-Disk is used, the system must have a suspend-to-disk partition or file, see “PHDISK Hard Disk Preparation Utility” on page 3-29 for more information.

## Power Management States and BIOS Configuration Options

The system power states utilized by your system depend on how power management options are configured in the BIOS. System power states and BIOS options that affect each state are described in this section.

**Note:** *Power management state transitions can also be controlled by Windows. Some of the power management features and states described in this section function differently when APM or ACPI is active. Refer to your operating system documentation for details on configuring ACPI controls.*

### Timeouts

Timeouts for the Idle, Standby, and Suspend states are configured in the BIOS. (A timeout is the period of time that must elapse with no activity before the transition occurs.) In addition to overall system power states, power for some devices can be individually managed through timeouts configured in the BIOS such as the hard disk drive spin-down timeout.

### Fully On State

In the Fully On state, all devices are fully powered and the CPU runs at full speed. The system is in the Fully On state whenever user activity is detected. The system will remain in the Fully On state until an event such as the idle mode timeout or a suspend request occurs. Note that if Idle and Standby modes are not utilized, the system will remain in the Fully On state until an event such as a suspend request causes a transition out of the Fully On state.

### Idle Mode

When the Idle Mode Timeout BIOS option is enabled, the system will enter Idle mode after a period of 1/2 second with no activity. The system also runs in Idle mode (and does not use the Fully On state) under the following conditions regardless of the Idle Mode Timeout setting:

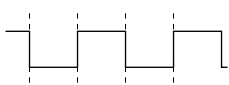
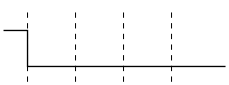
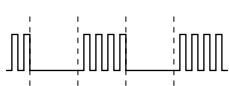
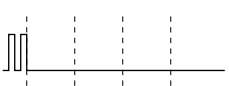


- When operating on battery power under the Low Battery or Very Low Battery conditions. (This conserves battery power.)
- When the system temperature is High. (This reduces the internal temperature of the system.)

In Idle mode, internal CPU clock signals are “throttled” or periodically switched on and off achieving a net reduction of the CPU speed which reduces the amount of power consumed by the CPU. This is done by switching the Stop Grant signal of the CPU on and off. In turn, most internal CPU clock signals are turned on and off.

Table 6-3 shows the activity of these signals in Idle and Standby modes. (The first dotted line in each column of this table indicates when the timeout occurs and the mode is entered.) If user activity generates

an interrupt, the system returns to the Fully On state. If the Idle Mode option is disabled in the BIOS, the system will not enter Idle mode.

*Table 6-3 System Activity in Idle and Standby Modes*

System Activity	Idle Mode	Standby Mode
Stop Grant (STPCLK#)		
Internal CPU Clock Signals		
External Clock Signals		
Hard Disk Drive	On*	Standby (spin down)
Display	On*	Off

\* Power saving timeouts can be configured independently for these devices allowing them to enter a low-power state while the system is in Idle mode.

Note that this table does not depict a precise timing diagram. The illustrations given in this table are intended to show the relative characteristics of these signals.

## Standby Mode

Standby mode is entered when the Standby Mode Timeout (configured in the BIOS) occurs. In Standby mode, the CPU, supporting chip set, and RAM remain powered, however, the CPU's internal clock signals are stopped (effectively stopping the CPU) as indicated in Table 6-3. Any user activity that generates an interrupt will cause a transition out of the Standby state to the Fully On state.

The hard disk drive is forced into standby mode (spun down) when the standby mode timeout occurs. Note, however, that the hard disk drive can be configured to spin down earlier by setting the HDD Spin-down Timeout BIOS option. The display system (including backlight) is also turned off when the standby timeout occurs. The display can also be configured to turn off earlier by setting the Video Timeout BIOS option.

## Suspend Modes

The system can be configured to use one of two different suspend modes: Suspend-to-RAM or Suspend-to-Disk. System power activity in each of these modes is described below.

### Suspend-to-RAM Mode

In Suspend-to-RAM mode, power is maintained to RAM, video memory, and circuitry for the Suspend/Resume button while all other system circuitry and power managed devices are powered off. The PC Card slots will also remain powered if the Resume On Modem Ring option is enable in the BIOS. Pressing the Suspend/Resume button, or a resume request generated by a modem ring will cause a transition to the Fully On state. Suspend-to-RAM mode is best suited for applications where system operation is suspended frequently and a quick resume is desired.



## Suspend-to-Disk Mode

**Note:** *Suspend-to-Disk mode can be entered either by pressing the Suspend/Resume button (if so configured in BIOS) or by pressing the Suspend-to-Disk hotpad which will always do a Suspend-to-Disk.*

In Suspend-to-Disk mode, data in RAM and video memory are written to the hard disk drive and, with the exception of resume logic circuits connected to the Suspend/Resume button switch, the system is completely powered down. In this state, the system consumes about the same amount of power consumed in the Off mode. This suspend state uses the least amount of battery power.

Before you configure your system to use Suspend-to-Disk mode, consider the following factors:

- More time is required to suspend or resume system operation as data must be written to or read from the hard disk drive.
- You must first create a save-to-disk file or partition before you can use Suspend-to-Disk mode, see “PHDISK Hard Disk Preparation Utility” on page 3-29 for details.
- System operation can only be resumed if the Suspend/Resume button is pressed.
- Suspend-to-Disk mode cannot be used with the Resume On Modem Ring or Resume On Time BIOS features.

## Suspend Events

System operation is suspended when the Suspend Timeout occurs, the Suspend/Resume button is pressed, or a suspend request is generated by a software application.

## Off State


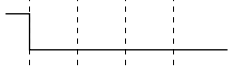


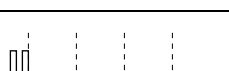

In the Off state, the system is fully powered off. Note, however, that some circuits connected to the battery will continue to draw a very small amount of current when the system is off. For this reason, the pen tablet should be stored with a fully charged battery pack if the system will not be in use for more than a few days.

# APM CPU Idle Mode

If Advanced Power Management (APM) is enabled in Windows (which is the default setting), power management timeouts for most power-managed devices are controlled by Windows. (Power-managed devices that are not controlled by Windows are controlled by the BIOS.)

When APM is enabled, CPU activity in Idle mode differs from that described earlier in this section. The APM CPU Idle Mode BIOS setting determines whether the external clock signal is generated in Idle mode. As shown in Table 6-4, the external clock signal is not generated if Normal is selected for the APM CPU Idle Mode BIOS option; if Diagnostic is selected in BIOS Setup, external clock signals are generated.

Table 6-4 System Activity in Idle Mode with APM Enabled

System Activity	Idle Mode (APM CPU Idle Mode: Normal)	Idle Mode (APM CPU Idle Mode: Diagnostic)
Stop Grant (STPCLK#)		
Internal CPU Clock Signals		
External Clock Signals		

This table does not depict a precise timing diagram. The illustrations given in this table are intended to show the relative characteristics of these signals.

## Other Power Management Issues

Issues described up to this point in this chapter deal with configurable options in the BIOS that affect system performance and power consumption. Other power management features are built into the system to prevent heat damage and data loss.

### System Temperature and Power Management

The system has a built in thermal detection circuit that monitors system temperature. If the system's internal temperature reaches an excessive level, the system enters thermal throttling mode. In thermal throttling mode, the CPU runs in Idle mode (as described in Table 6-3) at an effective CPU speed of 120 MHz. The CPU will not run at full speed until the system reaches a sufficiently cool temperature.

#### **Caution**

The pen tablet should not be used in the harsh environment case while the system is charging. External DC power should only be connected while the pen tablet is in the case if the pen tablet is off or the system is suspended.

## Battery Charge Level and Power Management

The pen tablet monitors the voltage of the battery pack. When the voltage drops to low levels, the system is forced into Idle or Suspend mode to increase battery life and prevent data loss. Table 6-5 describes system operation for different battery charge levels.

*Table 6-5 Low Battery Modes*

Mode	Description
Normal mode: Battery charge 12% to 100% or system connected to external power.	Power management features operate normally.
Low battery mode: Battery charge below 12%	CPU speed is reduced to the speed selected for Low Battery CPU Speed BIOS option. The Power icon turns red when the charge is below 12%. The low battery alarm (periodic audible “beep”) is sounded if the Audio BIOS option is enabled.
Critically low battery mode: Battery charge below critical threshold.	The system is forced to suspend using Suspend-to-RAM mode. The system will not resume until a sufficiently charged battery pack is installed or external power is connected. The power icon flashes red, indicating that the system is in Suspend mode.  Note: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• In the event of a critically low battery, the system is forced into Suspend-to-RAM mode regardless of the Suspend Mode setting in BIOS Setup.</li><li>• The percent of full battery charge cannot be determined for the critically low battery level because the circuit that detects the critically low voltage level monitors the battery voltage independent of the PMU.</li></ul>

## Chapter 7

# BIOS Configuration Application Programming Interfaces

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This chapter describes application programming interfaces (APIs) that allow Windows applications to configure BIOS settings. These APIs include functions in the following dynamic-link libraries (DLLs):

- *SET32LT.DLL*  
32-bit DLL
- *SET16LT.DLL*  
16-bit “helper” DLL
- *SETUPLT.DLL*  
16-bit DLL

These DLLs include functions that can be called from 16-bit and 32-bit Windows applications to configure BIOS parameters for the Stylistic LT pen tablet.

Functions, as described in this chapter, are the same for both 16-bit and 32-bit DLLs. To use these functions with your *16-bit application*:

- Include the header file *SETUPLT.H* in your program source code.
- Ensure that the file *SETUPLT.DLL* is in the *C:\WINDOWS\SYSTEM* directory on your system at run time.

To use these functions with your *32-bit application*:

- Include the header file *SET32LT.H* in your program source code.
- Ensure that the files *SET32LT.DLL*, *SET16LT.DLL*, and *SETUPLT.DLL* are in the *C:\WINDOWS\SYSTEM* directory on your system at run time.

The DLL files are preinstalled on the system. Header files for this API are located on the support section of the FPSI web site, at [www.fpsi.fujitsu.com](http://www.fpsi.fujitsu.com).

Function prototypes for these APIs are written in the C programming language and are described in this guide using C syntax. Although ideally suited for program development using a compiler that supports the ANSI C or C++ standard, these functions can be called from applications developed in other programming languages, such as Microsoft Visual Basic, which allow you to use DLLs. Refer to the documentation for your programming language for details on calling functions in DLLs.

## Version Information

Version information for both *SETUPLT.DLL* and *SET32LT.DLL* can be obtained by calling the *GetFileVersionInfo* and *GetFileVersionInfoSize* functions supplied in the Microsoft Visual C++ development library.

**Note:** *Version information can also be viewed by selecting the file and carrying out the Properties command in Windows.*

## Summary of Functions

A summary of functions you should be familiar with to use this API is given below:

- **BiosSetupStart**  
This function initializes the API. This function must be called before any other functions in this API can be called.
- **BiosSetupEnd**  
Applications which use this API must call this function to close the API before the application exits.
- **BiosSetupGet**  
This function retrieves BIOS settings for a BIOS option that you specify.
- **BiosSetupSet**  
This function sets the BIOS setting that you specify.
- **BiosSetupSetResumeTime**  
This function sets the resume time for the Resume On Time BIOS option.
- **BiosSetupGetResumeTime**  
This function returns the resume time for the Resume On Time BIOS option.
- **BiosSetupGetLCDType**  
This function determines what type of LCD the pen tablet has. (It may be desirable to determine the LCD type before using the BiosSetupSet function to change the contrast setting as the contrast is not adjustable on the TFT display type.)
- **BiosSetupGetLAN**  
This function determines whether a LAN module is present in the system.
- **BiosSetupGetMODEM**  
This function determines whether a modem module is present in the system.
- **BiosSetupSetBootOrder**  
This function sets the order in which the system searches drives for a bootable image.
- **BiosSetupGetBootOrder**  
This function returns the order you specify for drives to be searched for a bootable image.

**Note:** *Parameter names given in this manual in prototypes for some of these functions may differ from parameter names given in the prototypes that appear in the header files. This is done to provide consistent terminology throughout this manual.*

## BiosSetupStart

This function initializes the API. This function must be called before any other functions in this API can be called. This function,

- Opens the API.
- Connects to the APM BIOS.

A prototype of this function is shown below:

```
int WINAPI BiosSetupStart ( )
```

This function accepts no parameters and returns the value `SETUP_SUCCESS` when it completes successfully. If an error occurs, this function returns an error value as defined in Table 7-1.

## BiosSetupEnd

Applications that initialize this API using *BiosSetupStart* must call this function before the application exits. This function performs the following tasks:

- Updates the CMOS checksum and CRC values.
- Disconnects from the APM BIOS.

A prototype of this function is shown below:

```
int WINAPI BiosSetupEnd ( )
```

This function accepts no arguments and returns the value `SETUP_SUCCESS` when it completes successfully. If an error occurs, this function returns an error value as defined in Table 7-1.

## BiosSetupGet

This function retrieves the setting for a given BIOS option. You define the BIOS option to be retrieved by passing the appropriate parameters for the desired option. A prototype is shown below:

```
int WINAPI BiosSetupGet ( WORD Option, BYTE Permanent_or_Current )
```

The *Option* parameter defines the BIOS option you want to retrieve. Definitions for the *Option* parameter are listed in Table 7-2 later in this section.

The *Permanent\_or\_Current* parameter determines whether the permanent or current BIOS option is retrieved:

<i>Permanent_or_Current</i> Value	Description
0	Permanent setting retrieved.
1	Current setting retrieved.

On success, this function returns the *Setting* for the requested BIOS option. See Table 7-2 for a listing of settings for each BIOS option. Possible error codes returned by this function are listed in Table 7-1.

# BiosSetupSet

This function sets the BIOS option you specify. A prototype of the function is shown below:

```
int WINAPI BiosSetupSet ( WORD Option, WORD Setting, BYTE Permanent_or_Current )
```

This function can be used to set all BIOS settings except the Resume Time setting. (To set the resume time using this API, see “BiosSetupSetResumeTime” later in this chapter.)

The *Option* parameter defines the BIOS option you want to set. The *Setting* parameter defines the setting for the given option. Definitions for the *Option* parameter are listed in Table 7-2 on page 7-7.

The *Permanent\_or\_Current* parameter determines whether the permanent or current BIOS option is set:

<i>Permanent_or_Current</i> Value	Description
0	Sets permanent setting.
1	Sets current setting.

On success, this function returns the label SETUP\_SUCCESS. In the event of an error, this function returns one of the error codes listed in Table 7-1.

# BiosSetupGetResumeTime

This function retrieves the resume time for the Resume On Time BIOS option. A prototype of this function is shown below.

```
long int BiosSetupGetResumeTime ( BYTE Permanent_or_Current )
```

The *Permanent\_or\_Current* parameter defines whether the permanent or current BIOS option is retrieved:

<i>Permanent_or_Current</i> Value	Description
0	Permanent setting retrieved.
1	Current setting retrieved.

On success, this function returns a long int value which specifies the resume time setting as follows:

Return Value	Description
Byte 0 (bits 7-0)	Seconds setting in BCD format.
Byte 1 (bits 15-8)	Minutes setting in BCD format.
Byte 2 (bits 23-16)	Hour setting in BCD format.
Byte 3 (bits 31-24)	Resume On Time Enable status: 00H = Resume On Time option disabled 01H = Resume On Time option enabled

In the event of an error, this function returns a negative value as defined in Table 7-1 on page 7-7.



## BiosSetupSetResumeTime

This function sets the resume time for the Resume On Time BIOS option. A prototype of this function is given below:

```
int WINAPI BiosSetupSetResumeTime (BYTE cBCDHour,  
                                   BYTE cBCDMin,  
                                   BYTE cBCDSec,  
                                   BYTE Enable,  
                                   BYTE Permanent_or_Current )
```

This function accepts three byte values that determine the resume time in hours, minutes, and seconds and two byte values which specify whether the Resume On Time option is enabled and whether the permanent or current setting is to be set. Details on these parameters are given in the following:

Parameter	Description
<i>cBCDHour</i>	Byte value that specifies hour setting in BCD format. Acceptable values: 0 to 23 (must be in BCD format)
<i>cBCDMin</i>	Byte value that specifies minutes setting in BCD format. Acceptable values: 0 to 59 (must be in BCD format)
<i>cBCDSec</i>	Byte value that specifies seconds setting in BCD format. Acceptable values: 0 to 59 (must be in BCD format)
<i>Enable</i>	SETUP_RESUMEONTIME_OFF = Disable Resume On Time option. SETUP_RESUMEONTIME_ON = Enable Resume On Time option.
<i>Permanent_or_Current</i>	0 = Permanent setting 1 = Current setting

Note that you must specify *all* parameters when calling this function. You cannot use this function to enable or disable the Resume On Time option without passing all of the parameters this function accepts.

On success, this function returns SETUP\_SUCCESS. In the event of an error, this function returns one of the error codes listed in Table 7-1.

## BiosSetupGetLCDType

This function allows you to determine what type of LCD the pen tablet has. A prototype of the function is shown below:

```
char BiosSetupGetLCDType ( )
```

This function returns one of the following values indicating the LCD type.

Parameter	Description
SETUP_LCD_TFT	TFT Color
SETUP_LCD_TFC	Transflective Color

## BiosSetupGetLAN

This function allows you to determine whether a LAN module is present in the pen tablet. A prototype of the function is shown below:

```
char BiosSetupGetLAN ( )
```

This function returns one of the following values indicating whether a LAN module is present in the system.

Parameter	Description
SETUP_LAN_VACANT	LAN not present
SETUP_LAN_PRESENT	LAN present

## BiosSetupGetMODEM

This function allows you to determine whether a modem module is present in the pen tablet. A prototype of the function is shown below:

```
char BiosSetupGetMODEM( )
```

This function returns one of the following values indicating whether a modem is present in the system.

Parameter	Description
SETUP_MODEM_VACANT	Modem not present
SETUP_MODEM_PRESENT	Modem present

## BiosSetupSetBootOrder

This function allows you to determine the order in which the system searches drives for a bootable image. A prototype of the function is shown below:

```
int WINAPI BiosSetupSetBootOrder ( BYTE bFloppy,  
                                   BYTE bHardDisk,  
                                   BYTE bLAN )
```

This function accepts three byte values that determine the order in which drives are searched for a bootable image. Note that you must specify *all* parameters when calling this function.

On success, this function returns SETUP\_SUCCESS. In the event of an error, this function returns one of the error codes listed in Table 7-1.

## BiosSetupGetBootOrder

This function retrieves the order in which the system searches drives for a bootable image. A prototype of the function is shown below:

```
long int BiosSetupSetBootOrder ( )
```

This function returns one of the following values indicating the order in which the drives are searched. The parameter order is: Floppy Drive, Hard Disk, LAN. If no LAN is present, the order for the floppy and hard disk are set, with the LAN third.

Parameter	Description
Byte 0 (bits 7-0)	Floppy boot order used
Byte 1 (bits 15-8)	Hard drive boot order used
Byte 2 (bits 23-16)	LAN boot order used
Byte 3 (bits 31-24)	0

In the event of an error, this function returns a negative value as defined in Table 7-1 on page 7-7.

## Error Codes

Error codes returned by functions in this API are given in Table 7-1. These values are defined in the header file *SETUPLT.H*.

Table 7-1 BIOS Configuration API Error Codes

Return Value	Description
SETUP_SUCCESS	Not valid for GET functions.
SETUP_NOT_STARTED	The API has not been started. The <i>BiosSetupStart</i> function must be called before any other functions in this API can be called.
SETUP_INVALID_PARAMETER	The <i>Option</i> parameter is out of range. The value passed does not specify a valid BIOS option.
SETUP_INVALID_OPTION	Invalid value passed for <i>Current</i> parameter. The BIOS option specified is not a valid permanent or current option (whichever was specified).
SETUP_INVALID_VALUE	The <i>Setting</i> parameter is not valid. The setting specified is not a valid value for the specified BIOS option.
SETUP_INTERNAL_ERROR	Windows system call failure.
SETUP_INVALID_BIOS	BIOS signature not found. The BIOS is not compatible with this API.
SETUP_APM_ERROR	Returned if APM function call failed.

## Option and Setting Parameters

*Option* and *Setting* parameters accepted by the functions described in this chapter are defined in the header file for the DLL. Table 7-2 lists the *Option* parameter and corresponding *Setting* parameters for each BIOS option. (These *Setting* parameters are also the values returned by the *BiosSetupGet* function on success.) Some of these parameters can only be used to change or retrieve permanent settings as noted in the first column of this table.

Table 7-2 Option and Setting Parameters and Return Values

Option Parameter <i>Option Description</i>	Setting Parameter	Setting Description
BIOS_EXTCACHE	SETUP_EXTCACHE_DISABLE	Disabled
<i>External Level 2 Cache</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_EXTCACHE_ENABLE	Enabled
BIOS_SERIAL_A_PORT	SETUP_SERIAL_A_DISABLE	Disabled
<i>Serial Port A</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_SERIAL_A_ENABLE	Enabled
	SETUP_SERIAL_A_AUTO	Auto
BIOS_SERIAL_A_ADDRESS	SETUP_SERIAL_A_3F8	I/O Address 3F8
<i>Serial Port A Address</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_SERIAL_A_2F8	I/O Address 2F8
	SETUP_SERIAL_A_3E8	I/O Address 3E8
	SETUP_SERIAL_A_2E8	I/O Address 2E8
BIOS_SERIAL_A_IRQ	SETUP_SERIAL_A_IRQ3	IRQ 3
<i>Serial Port A IRQ</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_SERIAL_A_IRQ4	IRQ 4
	SETUP_SERIAL_A_IRQ10	IRQ 10
	SETUP_SERIAL_A_IRQ11	IRQ 11

Table 7-2 Option and Setting Parameters and Return Values (Continued)

Option Parameter <i>Option Description</i>	Setting Parameter	Setting Description
BIOS_SERIAL_B_PORT <i>Serial Port B</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_SERIAL_B_DISABLE	Disabled
	SETUP_SERIAL_B_ENABLE	Enabled
	SETUP_SERIAL_B_AUTO	Auto
BIOS_SERIAL_B_ADDRESS_1 <i>Serial Port B Primary Address</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_SERIAL_B_3F8	I/O Address 3F8
	SETUP_SERIAL_B_2F8	I/O Address 2F8
	SETUP_SERIAL_B_3E8	I/O Address 3E8
	SETUP_SERIAL_B_2E8	I/O Address 2E8
BIOS_SERIAL_B_IRQ <i>Serial Port B IRQ</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_SERIAL_B_IRQ3	IRQ 3
	SETUP_SERIAL_B_IRQ4	IRQ 4
	SETUP_SERIAL_B_IRQ10	IRQ 10
	SETUP_SERIAL_B_IRQ11	IRQ 11
BIOS_SERIAL_B_DEVICE <i>Serial Port B Device</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_SERIAL_B_IRDA	IrDA (SIR mode)
	SETUP_SERIAL_B_FIR	FIR
BIOS_SERIAL_B_ADDRESS_2 <i>Serial Port B Secondary Address</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_SERIAL_B_100	I/O Address 100
	SETUP_SERIAL_B_108	I/O Address 108
	SETUP_SERIAL_B_110	I/O Address 110
	SETUP_SERIAL_B_118	I/O Address 118
BIOS_SERIAL_B_DMA <i>Serial Port B DMA Channel</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_SERIAL_B_DMA1	DMA Channel 1
	SETUP_SERIAL_B_DMA3	DMA Channel 3
BIOS_LPT_PORT <i>Parallel Port</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_LPT_DISABLE	Disabled
	SETUP_LPT_ENABLE	Enabled
	SETUP_LPT_AUTO	Auto
BIOS_LPT_ADDRESS <i>Parallel Port Address</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_LPT_378	I/O Address 378
	SETUP_LPT_278	I/O Address 278
	SETUP_LPT_3BC	I/O Address 3BC
BIOS_LPT_IRQ <i>Parallel Port IRQ</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_LPT_IRQ5	IRQ 5
	SETUP_LPT_IRQ7	IRQ 7
BIOS_LPT_MODE <i>Parallel Port Mode</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_LPT_OUTPUT	Output Only
	SETUP_LPT_BIDIRECTIONAL	Bidirectional
	SETUP_LPT_ECP	Extended Capabilities Port

Table 7-2 Option and Setting Parameters and Return Values (Continued)

Option Parameter <i>Option Description</i>	Setting Parameter	Setting Description
BIOS_LPT_DMA	SETUP_LPT_DMA1	DMA Channel 1
<i>Parallel Port ECP DMA Channel</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_LPT_DMA3	DMA Channel 3
BIOS_KEYMOUSE	SETUP_KEYMOUSE_DISABLE	Disabled
<i>Keyboard/Mouse Hot Plug</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_KEYMOUSE_ENABLE	Enabled
BIOS_MODEM	SETUP_MODEM_DISABLE	Disabled
<i>Internal Modem</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_MODEM_ENABLE	Enabled
BIOS_LAN	SETUP_LAN_DISABLE	Disabled
<i>LAN</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_LAN_ENABLE	Enabled
BIOS_AUDIO	SETUP_AUDIO_DISABLE	Disabled
<i>Audio</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_AUDIO_ENABLE	Enabled
	SETUP_AUDIO_AUTO	Auto
BIOS_AUDIO_ADDRESS	SETUP_AUDIO_220	I/O Address 220
<i>Audio I/O Address</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_AUDIO_240	I/O Address 240
	SETUP_AUDIO_260	I/O Address 260
	SETUP_AUDIO_280	I/O Address 280
BIOS_AUDIO_FM_ADDRESS	SETUP_AUDIO_FM_388	I/O Address 388
<i>Audio FM I/O Address</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_AUDIO_FM_38C	I/O Address 38C
	SETUP_AUDIO_FM_390	I/O Address 390
	SETUP_AUDIO_FM_394	I/O Address 394
BIOS_AUDIO_IRQ	SETUP_AUDIO_IRQ5	IRQ 5
<i>Audio IRQ</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_AUDIO_IRQ7	IRQ 7
	SETUP_AUDIO_IRQ9	IRQ 9
	SETUP_AUDIO_IRQ10	IRQ 10
	SETUP_AUDIO_IRQ11	IRQ 11
BIOS_AUDIO_DMA_1	SETUP_AUDIO_DMA0	DMA Channel 0
<i>Audio DMA Channel 1</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_AUDIO_DMA1	DMA Channel 1
	SETUP_AUDIO_DMA3	DMA Channel 3
	SETUP_AUDIO_DMA5	DMA Channel 5
BIOS_AUDIO_DMA_2	SETUP_AUDIO_DMA0	DMA Channel 0
<i>Audio DMA Channel 2</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_AUDIO_DMA1	DMA Channel 1
	SETUP_AUDIO_DMA3	DMA Channel 3
	SETUP_AUDIO_DMA5	DMA Channel 5

Table 7-2 Option and Setting Parameters and Return Values (Continued)

Option Parameter <i>Option Description</i>	Setting Parameter	Setting Description
BIOS_SPEAKER <i>Speaker</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_SPEAKER_MUTE SETUP_SPEAKER_ON	
BIOS_VIDEO_DISPLAY <i>Display</i> (permanent or current)	SETUP_VIDEO_LCD SETUP_VIDEO_MONITOR SETUP_VIDEO_BOTH	LCD External Monitor Both
BIOS_VIDEO_EXPAND <i>Expand VGA Screen</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_VIDEO_NORMAL SETUP_VIDEO_EXPAND	Disabled Enabled
BIOS_HOTPAD <i>Hotpad</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_HOTPAD_DISABLE SETUP_HOTPAD_ENABLE	Enabled Disabled
BIOS_FDISK <i>Fixed Disk Boot Sector</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_FDISK_NORMAL SETUP_FDISK_WPROTECT	Normal Write Protect
BIOS_QUICKBOOT <i>QuickBoot Mode</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_QUICKBOOT_DISABLE SETUP_QUICKBOOT_ENABLE	Disabled Enabled
BIOS_DIAG <i>Boot-time Diagnostic Messages</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_DIAG_DISABLE SETUP_DIAG_ENABLE	Disabled Enabled
BIOS_PROMPT <i>Setup Prompt</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_PROMPT_DISABLE SETUP_PROMPT_ENABLE	Disabled Enabled
BIOS_NUMLOCK <i>Numlock</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_NUMLOCK_AUTO SETUP_NUMLOCK_ON SETUP_NUMLOCK_OFF	Auto On Off
BIOS_PREBOOT <i>Preboot Environment</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_PREBOOT_DISABLE SETUP_PREBOOT_ENABLE	Disabled Enabled
BIOS_DMI_CLEAR <i>Clear All DMI Event Logs</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_DMI_CLEAR_DISABLE SETUP_DMI_CLEAR_ENABLE	No Yes

Table 7-2 Option and Setting Parameters and Return Values (Continued)

Option Parameter <i>Option Description</i>	Setting Parameter	Setting Description
BIOS_DMI_LOG	SETUP_DMI_LOG_DISABLE	Disabled
<i>DMI Event Logging</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_DMI_LOG_ENABLE	Enabled
BIOS_DMI_BOOT	SETUP_DMI_BOOT_DISABLE	Disabled
<i>DMI System Boot Event</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_DMI_BOOT_ENABLE	Enabled
BIOS_LOWBAT_SPEED	SETUP_LOWBAT_SPEED_60MHZ	60 MHz
<i>Low Battery CPU Speed</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_LOWBAT_SPEED_90MHZ	90 MHz
	SETUP_LOWBAT_SPEED_120MHZ	120 MHz
BIOS_RESUME_SERIAL	SETUP_RESUME_DISABLE	Disabled
<i>Resume On Serial Activity</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_RESUME_ENABLE	Enabled
BIOS_POWER_MODE	SETUP_POWER_OFF	Off
<i>APM Power Savings</i> (permanent or current)	SETUP_POWER_CUSTOMIZE	Customize
	SETUP_POWER_MAXPERFORM	Maximum Performance
	SETUP_POWER_MAXBATTERY	Maximum Battery Life
BIOS_HDD_TIMEOUT	SETUP_HDDTIME_OFF	Off
<i>HDD Spin-down Timeout</i> (permanent or current)	SETUP_HDDTIME_05_SEC	5 Seconds
	SETUP_HDDTIME_10_SEC	10 Seconds
	SETUP_HDDTIME_30_SEC	30 Seconds
	SETUP_HDDTIME_01_MIN	1 Minute
	SETUP_HDDTIME_02_MIN	2 Minutes
	SETUP_HDDTIME_04_MIN	4 Minutes
	SETUP_HDDTIME_06_MIN	6 Minutes
	SETUP_HDDTIME_08_MIN	8 Minutes
	SETUP_HDDTIME_10_MIN	10 Minutes
	SETUP_HDDTIME_15_MIN	15 Minutes
	SETUP_HDDTIME_20_MIN	20 Minutes
BIOS_VIDEO_TIMEOUT	SETUP_VIDEOTIME_OFF	Off
<i>Video Timeout</i> (permanent or current)	SETUP_VIDEOTIME_30_SEC	30 Seconds
	SETUP_VIDEOTIME_02_MIN	2 Minutes
	SETUP_VIDEOTIME_04_MIN	4 Minutes
	SETUP_VIDEOTIME_06_MIN	6 Minutes
	SETUP_VIDEOTIME_08_MIN	8 Minutes
	SETUP_VIDEOTIME_10_MIN	10 Minutes
	SETUP_VIDEOTIME_15_MIN	15 Minutes
	SETUP_VIDEOTIME_20_MIN	20 Minutes

Table 7-2 Option and Setting Parameters and Return Values (Continued)

Option Parameter Option Description	Setting Parameter	Setting Description
BIOS_IDLE_TIMEOUT <i>Idle Mode Timeout</i> (permanent or current)	SETUP_IDLETIME_OFF	Off
	SETUP_IDLETIME_HALFSEC	1/2 Second
BIOS_IDLE_CPUSPEED <i>Idle Mode CPU Speed</i> (permanent only)	SETUP_IDLECPUSPEED_60MHZ	60 MHz
	SETUP_IDLECPUSPEED_90MHZ	90 MHz
	SETUP_IDLECPUSPEED_120MHZ	120 MHz
	SETUP_IDLECPUSPEED_180MHZ	180 MHz
BIOS_STANDBY_TIMEOUT <i>Standby Mode Timeout</i> (permanent or current)	SETUP_STANDBYTIME_OFF	Off
	SETUP_STANDBYTIME_01_MIN	1 Minute
	SETUP_STANDBYTIME_02_MIN	2 Minutes
	SETUP_STANDBYTIME_04_MIN	4 Minutes
	SETUP_STANDBYTIME_06_MIN	6 Minutes
	SETUP_STANDBYTIME_08_MIN	8 Minutes
	SETUP_STANDBYTIME_12_MIN	12 Minutes
BIOS_SUSPEND_TIMEOUT <i>Suspend Mode Timeout</i> (permanent or current)	SETUP_SUSPENDTIME_OFF	Off
	SETUP_SUSPENDTIME_05_MIN	5 Minutes
	SETUP_SUSPENDTIME_10_MIN	10 Minutes
	SETUP_SUSPENDTIME_15_MIN	15 Minutes
	SETUP_SUSPENDTIME_20_MIN	20 Minutes
	SETUP_SUSPENDTIME_30_MIN	30 Minutes
	SETUP_SUSPENDTIME_40_MIN	40 Minutes
	SETUP_SUSPENDTIME_60_MIN	60 Minutes
BIOS_SUSPEND_MODE <i>Suspend Mode</i> (permanent or current)	SETUP_SUSPEND_TO_RAM	Suspend to RAM
	SETUP_SUSPEND_TO_DISK	Suspend to Disk
BIOS_SUSPENDTODISK_TIME <i>Suspend-to-Disk Timeout</i> (permanent or current)	SETUP_SUSPENDTODISK_OFF	Off
	SETUP_SUSPENDTODISK_1_HOUR	After 1 Hour
BIOS_RESUME_MODEMRING <i>Resume On Modem Ring</i> (permanent or current)	SETUP_MODEMRING_RESUME_OFF	Off
	SETUP_MODEMRING_RESUME_ON	On
BIOS_RESUME_LAN <i>Resume LAN</i> (permanent or current)	SETUP_LAN_RESUME_OFF	Off
	SETUP_LAN_RESUME_ON	On
BIOS_SUSPEND_LANPOWER <i>Suspend LAN power</i> (permanent or current)	SETUP_SUSPEND_LANPOWER_OFF	Off
	SETUP_SUSPEND_LANPOWER_ON	On



Table 7-2 Option and Setting Parameters and Return Values (Continued)

Option Parameter <i>Option Description</i>	Setting Parameter	Setting Description
BIOS_SUSPEND_BUTTON <i>Suspend Button</i> (permanent or current)	SETUP_SUSPENDBUTTON_ENABLE SETUP_SUSPENDBUTTON_DISABLE	Normal Resume Only
BIOS_IDLEMODE_CPU <i>APM CPU Idle Mode</i> (permanent or current)	SETUP_CPUIDLE_STANDARD SETUP_CPUIDLE_LOWPOWER	Normal Diagnostic
BIOS_BACKLIGHT_MODE <i>LCD Backlight Level</i> (permanent or current)	SETUP_BACKLIGHT_STANDARD SETUP_BACKLIGHT_LOWPOWER	Adjustable Minimum Only

## Advanced Settings

The following options can be set using the BiosSetupSet function. Values for the *Setting* parameter that must be passed to BiosSetupSet are not defined for these options, so an int value must be passed as defined in Table 7-3.

Table 7-3 Discrete BIOS Settings

Option Parameter <i>Description</i>	Setting Parameter Value	Description
BIOS_SPEAKER_VOLUME <i>Speaker Volume</i> (current only)	0 to 0x3F	Pass a value within the range specified to change the speaker volume setting. The greater the value, the louder the volume setting. (Note that the setting you specify is not retained after the system is shut down.)
BIOS_VIDEO_BRIGHTNESS <i>Video Display Brightness</i> (current only)	0 to 0x08	Pass a value within this range to specify the brightness for the current setting. The greater the value, the higher the brightness setting. The setting you specify is not retained after the system is shut down. Specifying a value of 0 turns the backlight off on a color transfective (CTF) display.

Table 7-3 Discrete BIOS Settings

Option Parameter <i>Description</i>	Setting Parameter Value	Description
BIOS_VIDEO_CONTRAST  Video Display Contrast Note: This option is supported only for systems with a color transfective LCD type.  (current only)	0 to 0x7F	Pass a value within this range to specify the contrast for the current setting. The greater the value, the higher the contrast setting. (Note that the setting you specify is not retained after the system is shut down.)

## Appendix A

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### Recovering the Disk Image

The recovery utility for the Stylistic LT pen tablet allows you to reinstall the disk image, including the operating system on the pen tablet's internal hard disk. You can use this utility to restore the image on the internal hard disk drive from the product recovery CD. This is necessary when the internal hard disk is replaced with a blank hard disk or when system software on the hard disk becomes so corrupt as to render the system unusable.

#### Caution

Recovering the disk image from the product recovery CD will erase the entire hard disk drive. Any application software that has been installed on the system since it was shipped from the factory must be reinstalled after performing this procedure. If possible, back up any valuable data on the hard disk drive before recovering the disk image.

The recovery utility is distributed on the *Fujitsu Recovery CD Utility - Stylistic LT* floppy diskette shipped with each pen tablet system along with the product recovery CD which contains the disk image for the system's hard disk drive.

The following software and hardware is required before you can use the recovery utility to recover the operating system on your pen tablet:

- The appropriate product recovery CD for the pen tablet.  
There are different product recovery CDs for the Stylistic LT pen tablet depending on the language version of the operating system. The product recovery CD is shipped with the pen tablet.
- The *Fujitsu Recovery CD Utility - Stylistic LT* floppy diskette.
- An external floppy disk drive (Fujitsu model FMWFD2).
- A Stylistic LT mini-dock.
- An external CD-ROM drive.
- Drivers for your CD-ROM drive for MS-DOS are required if your CD-ROM drive does not use a PC Card interface. If required, add your CD-ROM drivers to the *Fujitsu Recovery CD Utility - Stylistic LT* floppy diskette and modify the CONFIG.SYS and/or AUTOEXEC.BAT files on the diskette to load your CD-ROM drivers.

Note that Phoenix Card Manager Plus (PCM Plus) drivers are preinstalled on the *Fujitsu Recovery CD Utility - Stylistic LT* floppy diskette to provide socket services for CD-ROM drives that use a PC Card interface.

To run the recovery utility,

1. Connect your floppy disk drive and CD-ROM drive to the pen tablet or mini-dock, as applicable.
2. Boot the pen tablet from the *Fujitsu Recovery CD Utility - Stylistic LT* floppy diskette.
3. Ensure that the device drivers necessary to use your CD-ROM drive under MS-DOS are loaded.

4. Insert the product recovery CD in the CD-ROM drive.
5. The recovery CD is automatically executed. Follow the prompts that appear to complete the disk image recovery.

## Appendix B

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### Enabling ACPI

The Stylistic LT pen tablet BIOS supports ACPI; however, the system is shipped with APM enabled as the factory default power management interface. Due to limitations with the implementation of ACPI in the current release of Windows 98, APM is the recommended setting. These instructions are primarily provided for testing purposes.

To use ACPI, you must edit the registry and enable ACPI detection on the pen tablet as described in the following procedure:

1. Certain steps in this procedure require the use of a keyboard. Attach a keyboard to your system. An IR keyboard or USB keyboard can be used with the pen tablet; a PS/2-style or serial keyboard can be used if the pen tablet is installed in a mini-dock.
2. From the start menu, choose Run, type Regedit, and choose OK to open the Registry Editor.
3. In the Registry Editor, open the directory:  
*HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Detect.*
4. From the Edit menu, choose New, DWORD Value. A new value appears in the registry.
5. Select the new value and choose Modify from the Edit menu. Name the new value *ACPIOption* and set the value to 1H.
6. In the Registry Editor, open the directory: *HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\Enum\USB\ROOT\_HUB\PCI&VEN\_8086...*, and change the value of *ConfigFlags* from 00 00 00 00 to 00 00 01 00. (This is necessary to ensure proper operation when using Suspend-to-RAM mode.)
7. Close the Registry Editor.
8. Open Control Panel and choose Add New Hardware. Choose Yes when prompted to allow Windows 98 to detect new hardware.
9. When prompted, choose Yes to restart your system. When the system restarts, it may be necessary to tap the Enter keypad to initiate the installation of ACPI.

Once ACPI is registered, Windows 98 will detect and enable the ACPI in the BIOS and will run using ACPI. To disable ACPI and enable APM, follow the procedure above and set the *ACPIOption* value to 2H (instead of 1H) when you perform step 5.



## Appendix C

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### Agency Notices

#### FCC Notices

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. Changes or modifications not expressly approved by Fujitsu Personal Systems, Inc., could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

#### Notice to Users of Radios and Television

These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If the equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet that is on a different circuit than the receiver.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Shielded interconnect cables must be employed with this equipment to ensure compliance with the pertinent RF emissions limits governing this device.

#### Notice to Users of the US Telephone Network

**Note:** *Stylistic LT pen tablets shipped outside of North America do not have an internal modem. The following information applies only to those systems with an internal modem.*

The Stylistic LT pen tablet is supplied with an internal modem which complies with Part 68 of the FCC rules. On the pen tablet is a label that contains the FCC Registration Number and Ringer Equivalence Number (REN) of this system, along with other information. If requested, users must provide their telephone company with the following information:

- The telephone number to which the pen tablet is connected
- The Ringer Equivalence Number (REN) for this equipment
- The information that the system requires a standard modular jack type USOC RJ-11C which is FCC Part 68-compliant
- The FCC Registration Number

This equipment is designed to be connected to the telephone network or premises wiring using a standard modular jack type USOC RJ-11C which is FCC Part 68-compliant.

The REN is used to determine the number of devices you may connect to your telephone line and still have all those devices ring when your number is called. Too many devices on one line may result in

failure to ring in response to an incoming call. In most, but not all, areas, the sum of all of the devices should not exceed five (5). To be certain of the number of devices you may connect to your line, as determined by the RENs, contact your local telephone company.

If this equipment causes harm to the telephone network, your telephone company may discontinue your service temporarily. If possible, they will notify you in advance. If advance notice is not practical, they will notify you as soon as possible. You will also be advised of your right to file a complaint with the FCC.

This fax modem also complies with fax branding requirements per FCC Part 68.

If you experience trouble with this equipment, please contact your support representative.

Your telephone company will probably ask you to disconnect this equipment from the telephone network until the problem is corrected and you are sure that the equipment is not malfunctioning.

This equipment may not be used on coin service telephones provided by your telephone company. Connection to party lines is subject to state tariffs. Contact your state's public utility commission, public services commission, or corporation commission for more information.

FCC rules prohibit the use of non-hearing aid compatible telephones in the following locations or applications:

- All public or semipublic coin-operated or credit card telephones.
- Elevators, highways, tunnels, (automobile, subway, railroad, or pedestrian) where a person with impaired hearing might be isolated in an emergency.
- Places where telephones are specifically installed to alert emergency authorities such as fire, police, or medical assistance personnel.
- Hospital rooms, residential health care facilities, convalescent homes, and prisons.
- Workstations for the hearing impaired.
- Hotel, motel, or apartment lobbies.
- Stores where telephones are used by patrons to order merchandise.
- Public transportation terminals where telephones are used to call taxis or to reserve lodging or rental cars.
- In hotel and motel rooms at least ten percent of the rooms must contain hearing aid compatible telephones which will be provided to hearing impaired customers on request.

## DOC (Industry Canada) Compliance Notices

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class B limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus as set forth in the radio interference regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

Le présent appareil numérique n'émet pas de bruits radioélectriques dépassant les limites applicables aux appareils numériques de classe B prescrites dans le règlement sur le brouillage radioélectrique édicté par le Ministère des Communications du Canada.

## Notice to Users of Radios and Television

This Class B digital apparatus meets all requirements of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment regulations.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe B respecte toutes les exigences du règlement sur le matériel brouilleur du Canada.



## Notice to Users of the Canadian Telephone Network

The Canadian Industry Canada label identifies certified equipment. This certification means that the equipment meets certain telecommunications network protective, operational, and safety requirements. The Department does not guarantee the equipment will operate to the user's satisfaction.

Repairs to telecommunication equipment should be made by a Canadian authorized maintenance facility. Any repairs or alterations not expressly approved by Fujitsu Personal Systems, Inc. or any equipment failures may give the telecommunications company cause to request the user to disconnect the equipment from the telephone line.

The connecting arrangement code for this equipment is CA11A.

The Load Number is 0.2.

The Load Number assigned to each telephone terminal device denotes the percentage of the total load to be connected to a telephone loop or circuit to be used by the device to prevent overloading. The termination on a loop may consist of any combination of devices such that the total of the load numbers of all devices does not exceed 100.

### Caution

For safety, users should ensure that the electrical ground of the power utility, the telephone lines, and the metallic water pipes are connected together. Users should **not** attempt to make such connections themselves but should contact the appropriate electric inspection authority or electrician. This may be particularly important in rural areas.

## Avis Aux Utilisateurs Du Réseau Téléphonique Canadien

L'étiquette canadienne Industrie Canada identifie l'équipement certifié. Cette certification signifie que l'équipement satisfait certaines normes de protection, d'exploitation et de sécurité des réseaux de télécommunications. Le département ne garantit pas le fonctionnement de l'équipement à la satisfaction de l'utilisateur.

Le Stylistic LT possède un modem interne conforme aux normes de certification d'Industrie Canada pour protéger les réseaux de télécommunications et satisfaire aux normes de sécurité. Avant de connecter cet équipement à une ligne téléphonique, l'utilisateur doit vérifier s'il est permis de connecter cet équipement aux installations de télécommunications locales. L'utilisateur est averti que même la conformité aux normes de certification ne peut dans certains cas empêcher la dégradation du service.

Les réparations de l'équipement de télécommunications doivent être effectuées par un service de maintenance agréé au Canada. Toute réparation ou modification, qui n'est pas expressément approuvée par Fujitsu Personal Systems, Inc., ou toute défaillance de l'équipement peut entraîner la compagnie de télécommunications à exiger que l'utilisateur déconnecte l'équipement de la ligne téléphonique.

Le code d'arrangement de connexion de cet équipement est CA11A.

Le numéro de charge est 0.2.

Le numéro de charge assigné à chaque terminal téléphonique indique le pourcentage de la charge totale pouvant être connecté à une boucle ou à un circuit téléphonique, utilisé par ce périphérique afin de prévenir toute surcharge. La terminaison d'une boucle peut être constituée de n'importe quelle combinaison de périphériques de sorte que le total de numéros de charge de tous les périphériques n'excède pas 100.

### **Avertissement**

Pour assurer la sécurité, les utilisateurs doivent vérifier que la prise de terre du service d'électricité, les lignes téléphoniques et les conduites d'eau métalliques sont connectées ensemble. Les utilisateurs ne doivent pas tenter d'établir ces connexions eux-mêmes, mais doivent contacter les services d'inspection d'installations électriques appropriés ou un électricien. Ceci peut être particulièrement important en régions rurales.

## Appendix D

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### Glossary

#### 16-bit / 32-bit

“16-bit” and “32-bit” refer to the architecture of an operating system and applications software that runs under that operating system. The 16-bit software processes data 16 bits at a time, and 32-bit software processes data 32 bits at a time. As a result, 32-bit programs and operating systems are generally faster and more advanced than their 16-bit counterparts.

#### AC adapter

An adapter that provides external power (not battery power) to your Stylistic LT.

#### ACPI

##### **Advanced Configuration and Power Interface**

The ACPI standard allows system designers to determine how a particular system supports power management. ACPI supports power management through improved hardware and operating system coordination. The ACPI specification was developed by Intel, Microsoft, and Toshiba.

#### API

##### **Application Programming Interface**

A predefined set of routines and tools that tells the computer the correct order in which to run procedures when building a particular application. Using an API allows a programmer to create a similar look-and-feel between different programs.

#### APM

##### **Advanced Power Management**

A power management standard designed to help make battery use more efficient by recognizing which system devices need power and which don't. The API bypasses those which don't need power, until they are required. APM allows developers to use the BIOS setup to control power management on a computer.

#### baud rate

The number of transitions occurring per second on a transmission..

#### BIOS

##### **Basic Input/Output System**

The BIOS is comprised of the instructions that the system needs in order to start up and allow the various input and output devices to communicate with each other and the system.

#### calibrate

The process that determines how the stylus and touch screen interact. You can calibrate both the screen alignment and the stylus double-tap settings.

## CIC

### **Communication Intelligence Corporation**

CIC produces the Handwriting Recognition System and PenX software used in the Stylistic LT pen tablet. CIC is headquartered in Redwood Shores, California. The company web site is <<http://www.cic.com/>>.

## CMOS

### **Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor**

As it relates to this manual, CMOS refers to the non-volatile memory technology used for storing BIOS and RTC values.

## COM port

See *communications port*.

## communications port

A serial communications port used to connect equipment, such as mobile devices, modems, and printers.

## connection

The ability to interact with another device, computer, or the Internet by means of a serial, infrared, Ethernet, or dial-up connection.

## CPU

### **Central Processing Unit**

Also called the microprocessor, the CPU is the “brains” of the computer. The CPU performs most of the fetching, decoding, and execution of instructions performed by the computer.

## CRT

### **Cathode Ray Tube**

The technology around which an external monitor is built. A CRT employs a vacuum tube and one or more electron guns.

## DAA

### **Data Access Arrangement**

A type of circuit used in modems, fax machines, and PDAs for interfacing with a telephone system.

## DIMM

### **Dual In-Line Memory Module**

A DIMM is a small circuit board that holds memory chips.

## DLL

### **Dynamic Link Library**

A DLL is a Windows-based library of data or functions.

## DMA

### **Direct Memory Access**

This is memory access that doesn't require processing by the CPU. DMA allows access from memory directly to a peripheral device.

## DMI

### **Desktop Management Interface**

A specification developed for managing system configuration over a network.

## download

The process of transferring data from your desktop computer to your Stylistic LT.

## DRAM

### **Dynamic Random Access Memory**

Dynamic RAM is a common type of memory that is often preferable to static RAM despite being slower. DRAM can hold almost four times the amount of data that static RAM can. DRAM requires continuous refreshing due to the discharge of its capacitors.

## DSTN

### **Double-Layer Supertwist Nematic**

A type of LCD technology that uses a passive matrix with two display layers. The arrangement of the layers helps to mitigate color shifting that occurs with other displays.

## ECP

### **Extended Capabilities Port**

ECP is a standard developed by HP and Microsoft to support bidirectional parallel port communications between the system and peripherals.

## ESD

### **Electrostatic Discharge**

A situation in which static electricity is transferred through human hands into sensitive electronic components, resulting in damage. ESD damage is usually caused by working on sensitive electronic equipment in an ungrounded environment.

## FCC

### **Federal Communications Commission**

The FCC is the regulatory body that, "...develops and implements policy concerning interstate and international communications by radio, television, wire, satellite, and cable". The FCC web site is located at <<http://www.fcc.gov/>>.

## FIR

### **Fast Infrared**

A method of transferring data between two unconnected devices using an infrared beam. FIR is usually limited to devices which are within one meter of each other and having clear sight of each other. FIR is capable of transferring data at up to 4Mbps. FIR is part of the IrDA 1.1 specification.

## FM

### **Frequency Modulation**

A means of encoding information by modulating electrical signals around a certain frequency. The receiver decodes the modulated signal into usable information.

## FPSI

### **Fujitsu Personal Systems, Inc.**

The manufacturer of the Stylistic LT, along with several other pen tablet models. The FPSI web site is <<http://www.fpsi.fujitsu.com/>>.

## GHz

### **Gigahertz**

One billion hertz - or frequency cycles - per second.

## HDD

### **Hard Disk Drive**

The most common secondary storage method used in computers today. The most common interface standards used in HDDs are IDE and SCSI.

## HEC

An optional Harsh Environment Case, used to provide extra protection for your Stylistic LT.

## HRS

### **Handwriting Recognition System**

HRS software (from CIC) allows the user to enter information into the pen tablet by writing on the tablet with a stylus. The software “recognizes” and interprets the individual letters as standard input, and manipulates and stores it as it would data received from a keyboard.

## IDE

### **Integrated Device Electronics**

IDE is an interface for storage devices in which the device controller is actually an integrated part of the drive. Using IDE technology eliminates the need for a special adapter.

## I/O

### **Input/Output**

The most common methods of computer input and output are a keyboard and a display. Pen tablets generally use a stylus to provide input (although a floppy drive, CD-ROM drive, modem, LAN, or keyboard can also be used.) The standard output for a pen tablet is typically displayed on the screen, although data can be stored on floppy or hard disk drives, sent over a modem or LAN, or output to a printer.

## Internet connection

A communications method used to establish a link between your Stylistic LT and a server that provides access to the Internet, typically, an ISP.

## Internet service provider (ISP)

A company that provides access to the Internet.

## intranet

A network designed for information sharing within a company or organization.

## IrDA

### **Infrared Data Association**

The association which created the standards for transmission of data using infrared technology. The IrDA web site is located at <<http://www.irda.org/>>.

## IrDA connection

A connection between your Stylistic LT and another computer or device (such as a printer) by means of the infrared port on each device.

## IRQ

### **Interrupt Request**

IRQs are signals sent to the computer's CPU by peripheral devices. Certain IRQs are reserved for certain devices, so the CPU "knows" which device it is responding to.

## L1

### **Level One**

L1 refers to the small memory cache that is built into the CPU chip.

## L2

### **Level Two**

L2 refers to the memory cache that is located on the motherboard.

## LAN

### **Local Area Network**

A LAN is a small computer network that usually covers a discrete area, such as a large work area or building. LANs are employed to allow users to share the same resources, such as printers. The LAN is composed of a number of clients and a central server. Using a server takes some of the processing load off the individual clients. It also allows the clients to share data through the server.

## LBA

### **Logical Block Addressing**

LBA is an efficient way of addressing hard drives by assigning sequential numbers to each logical block on the hard drive, rather than assigning each block a unique combination of cylinder, head, and sector numbers.

## MCM

### **Multi-Chip Module**

A module that contains the CPU, the L2 cache, and half of the chipset on a small (1.6" x 1.4") daughter board. The MCM architecture significantly increases board density, while improving heat dissipation.

## MS-DOS

### **Microsoft Disk Operating System**

A 16-bit operating system developed for IBM by Microsoft in 1981, MS-DOS was the most widely used platform throughout the 1980's for IBM-compatible PCs. The operating system is the "traffic cop" of the

system, managing input/output, file maintenance, and execution of programs. Since MS-DOS is a 16-bit system, it does not support multitasking the way Windows 95 and Windows 98 do.

## NDIS

### **Network Device Interface Specification**

A software interface between driver software and protocol stacks, NDIS allows a single network interface card (NIC) to support multiple network protocols. Developed by Microsoft.

## NVRAM

### **Non-volatile RAM**

Random access memory which retains its contents when power is removed from the system.

## ODI

### **Open Data-link Interface**

A software interface between driver software and protocol stacks, ODI allows a single interface card to support multiple network protocols. Developed by Novell.

## OEM

Original equipment manufacturer. The OEM for the Stylistic LT is FPSI.

## OS

### **Operating System**

The operating system is the heart of a computer's software. The OS directs the system input/output operations, memory and file management, and CPU time allocation. *See* MS-DOS.

## PC Card

A removable card, such as modem, Ethernet, or storage card, that conforms to the PCMCIA specification.

## PCI Bus

The PCI (**Peripheral Component Interconnect**) bus is a specification introduced by Intel corporation that provides a processor-independent data path between the CPU and high-speed peripherals.

## PCMCIA

### **Personal Computer Memory Card International Association**

PCMCIA cards - also known as PC Cards - are built to a standard established by a group of manufacturers and vendors in 1990. PCMCIA was developed to provide a common standard for designing PC Cards. A variety of peripherals can be added to computers via a PCMCIA slot, including modems, LAN radios, and GPS receivers. The web site for the PCMCIA is <<http://www.pc-card.com/>>.

## PenX

PenX is the pen support software provided by CIC for the Stylistic LT pen tablet. PenX is an OS extension that provides a common API for system and pen drivers. Using a common API allows accurate inking and handwriting recognition.



## PIO

### **Programmed Input/Output**

PIO is a method of transferring data between two devices by passing through the computer's processor. PIO is a slower transfer method than DMA.

## PM

### **Power Management**

Power management is a means of controlling the components within a computer (usually a portable computer) in order to maximize the use time of the system battery.

## port settings

The settings used to configure a communications port on a computer.

## Power Management

Power management is a means of controlling the components within a computer (usually a portable computer) in order to maximize the use time of the system battery.

## POST

### **Power-On Self Test**

A series of tests that are run when the system is initially turned on to verify that all of the system peripherals and components are operating correctly. The POST routine is stored in the BIOS ROM.

## PS/2 Mouse/Keyboard Ports

A 6-pin type of port usually used for connecting a mouse or keyboard to a system. Using the PS/2 port for the mouse or keyboard frees up the serial port for use by a peripheral requiring more pins.

## RAM

### **Random Access Memory**

A type of volatile memory that can be accessed by the processor in any order. Unlike ROM, which can only be read, RAM can be read or written to. When power is removed from the system, however, the contents of RAM is lost.

## ROM

### **Read-Only Memory**

ROM is computer memory on which data has been pre-written. Data that has been written onto a ROM chip can only be read; you cannot remove the data from a ROM. ROM is non-volatile -- that is, its contents are retained even when power is not applied to the computer. Since ROM is non-volatile, it is used to store programs that the computer needs in order to start at power-up.

## RTC

### **Real-Time Clock**

A CMOS battery-powered clock/calendar that keeps track of the date and time inside the computer. Since the RTC is battery-operated, it continues to work when the system is shut down.

## reset

Depending on the state of your Stylistic LT, a process that either causes the system to reboot or erases all data stored in RAM.

## restore

To return your Stylistic LT to the state it was in when it was backed up. This involves copying your backup data to your Stylistic LT.

## RxTx

### **Receive/Transmit**

A serial port design that carries only three signals: receive, transmit, and logic ground. RxTx only supports software handshaking, not hardware.

## SCSI

### **Small Computer System Interface**

This interface standard provides a parallel high-speed method of connecting computers with SCSI-compatible peripheral devices.

## SDRAM

### **Synchronous Dynamic Random Access Memory**

A common form of DRAM which uses a clock to synchronize the timing of the memory chip with the CPU's system clock.

## SIR

### **Serial Infrared (also known as Standard Infrared)**

A method of transferring data between two unconnected devices using an infrared beam. SIR is usually limited to devices which are within one meter of each other. SIR is capable of transferring data at up to 115Kbps. SIR is part of the IrDA 1.0 and 1.1 specifications.

## SMI

### **System Management Interrupt**

A hardware interrupt that is used to perform system management tasks such as power management.

## stylus

A pointing device, similar to a pen, used to make selections (tap) and enter information on the touch screen.

## SVGA

### **Super Video Graphics Array**

SVGA refers to a screen resolution of 800 x 600 pixels.

## touch screen

A touch-sensitive screen on your Stylistic LT that can recognize the location of a touch on its surface (typically done by using a stylus) and translate that touch into a desired action (such as making a selection or moving the cursor).

## UL

### **Underwriters Laboratories**

Underwriters Laboratories Inc. provides global conformity assessment, product testing and certification services. Their web site is <<http://www.ul.com/>>.

## USB

### **Universal Serial Bus**

The USB specification is a peripheral bus standard for connecting external devices. Some features of the USB standard include: support for up to 127 concurrent USB devices, dynamic insertion and removal of devices, self-identifying peripheral configuration, and transfer of multiple data message streams between host and devices. The USB standard specification can be obtained from the USB web site at <<http://www.usb.org/>>.

## V.90

A standard for 56-Kbps modems which resolves differences between X2 and K56flex.

## VAR

### **Value-Added Reseller**

A reseller who purchases basic equipment from an original equipment manufacturer. The VAR modifies the original equipment to the needs of specific customers by adding custom software and/or peripherals.

## VESA

### **Video Electronics Standards Association**

VESA is the organization that sets the standards for video devices. Among other standards, VESA developed the protocols for SVGA.

## VGA

### **Video Graphics Adapter**

VGA is a popular display standard that supports a 640 x 480 resolution.

## XGA

### **Extended Graphics Adapter**

The XGA standard supports a 1024 x 768 pixel resolution.



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